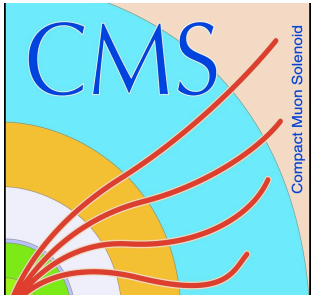


# Collective phenomenon in small systems at LHC energies

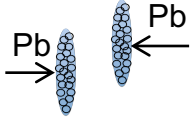


Zhoudunming Tu (Kong) 涂周顿明

Rice University, USA

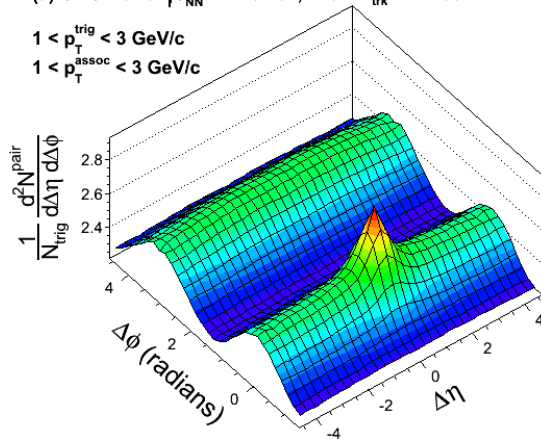
10/05/2015

# “Ridge” observed in all systems

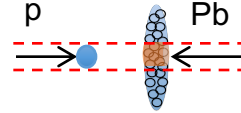


(a) CMS PbPb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$  TeV,  $220 \leq N_{trk}^{offline} < 260$

$1 < p_T^{trig} < 3$  GeV/c  
 $1 < p_T^{assoc} < 3$  GeV/c

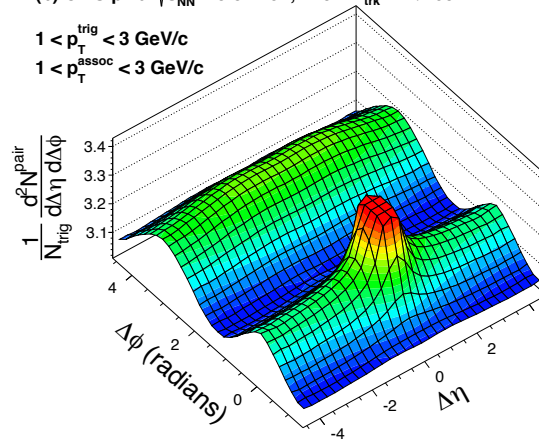


EPJC 74 (2014) 2847

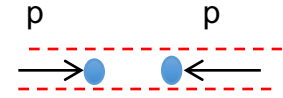


(b) CMS pPb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV,  $220 \leq N_{trk}^{offline} < 260$

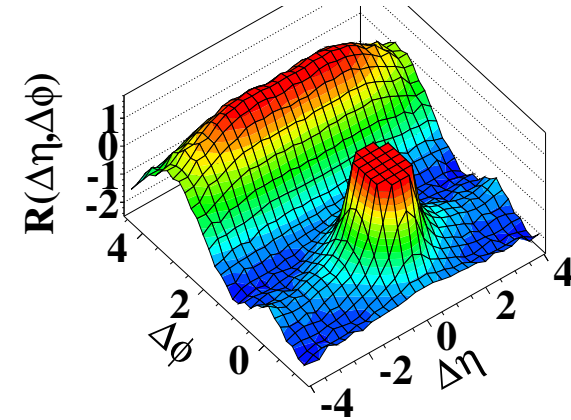
$1 < p_T^{trig} < 3$  GeV/c  
 $1 < p_T^{assoc} < 3$  GeV/c



PLB 718 (2013) 795

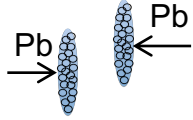


(c) CMS  $N \geq 110$ ,  $1.0 \text{ GeV/c} < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV/c}$



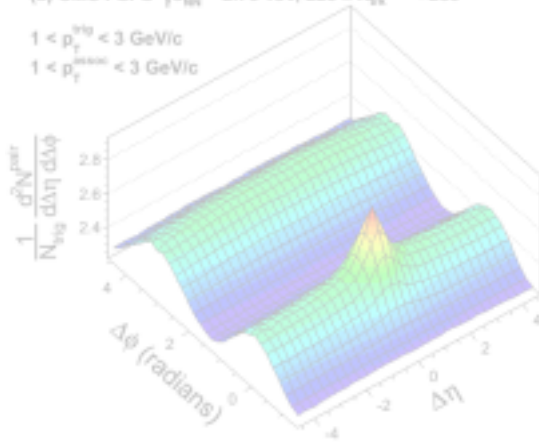
JHEP 09 (2010) 091

# “Ridge” observed in all systems

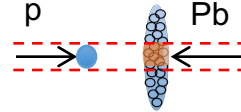


(a) CMS PbPb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$  TeV,  $220 \leq N_{ch}^{0.4 < \eta < 0.8} < 260$

$1 < p_T^{trig} < 3$  GeV/c  
 $1 < p_T^{assoc} < 3$  GeV/c

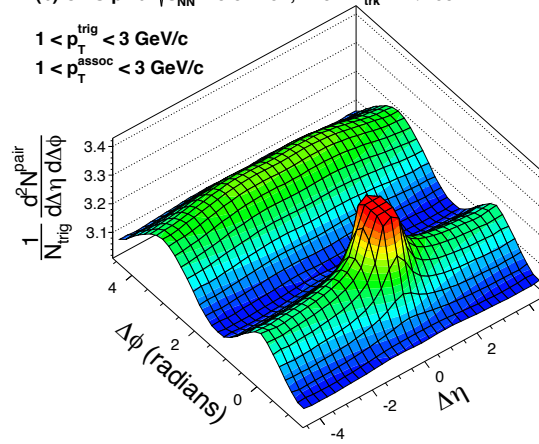


EPJC 74 (2014) 2847

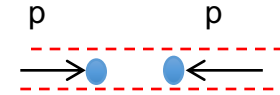


(b) CMS pPb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV,  $220 \leq N_{trk}^{offline} < 260$

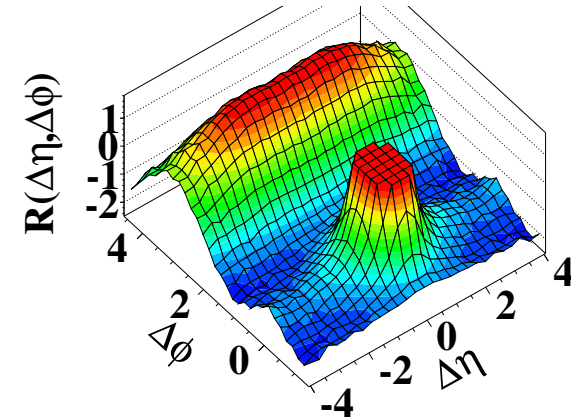
$1 < p_T^{trig} < 3$  GeV/c  
 $1 < p_T^{assoc} < 3$  GeV/c



PLB 718 (2013) 795



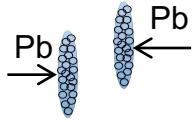
(c) CMS  $N \geq 110$ ,  $1.0 \text{ GeV/c} < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV/c}$



JHEP 09 (2010) 091

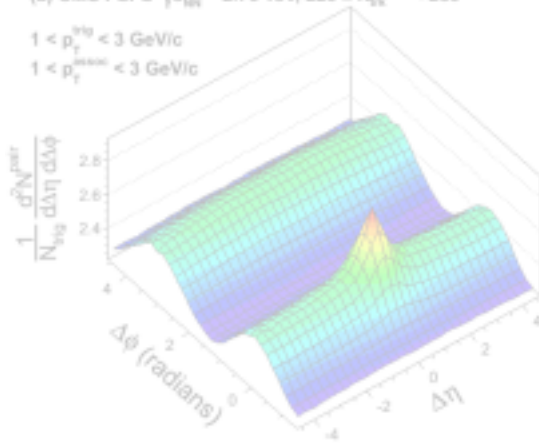
What can “ridge” tell us in small systems?

# “Ridge” observed in all systems

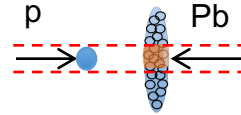


(a) CMS PbPb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$  TeV,  $220 \leq N_{ch}^{0.4 < \eta < 0.8} < 260$

$1 < p_T^{trig} < 3$  GeV/c  
 $1 < p_T^{assoc} < 3$  GeV/c

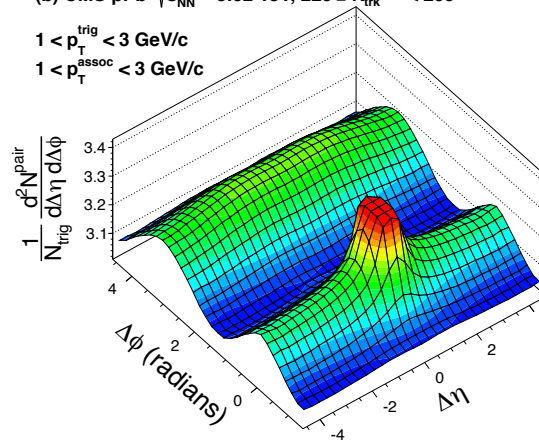


EPJC 74 (2014) 2847

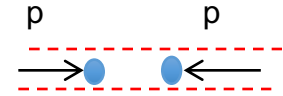


(b) CMS pPb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV,  $220 \leq N_{trk}^{offline} < 260$

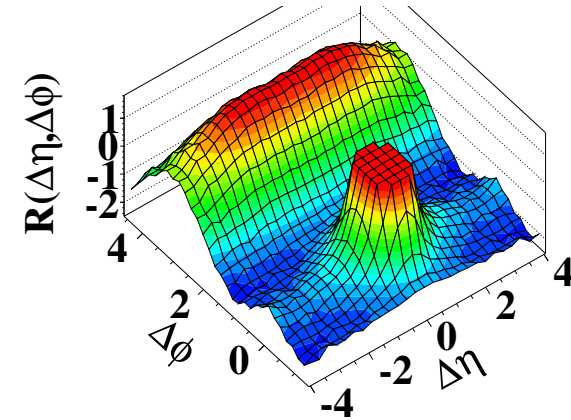
$1 < p_T^{trig} < 3$  GeV/c  
 $1 < p_T^{assoc} < 3$  GeV/c



PLB 718 (2013) 795



(c) CMS  $N \geq 110$ ,  $1.0 \text{ GeV/c} < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV/c}$



JHEP 09 (2010) 091

What can “ridge” tell us in small systems?

Collectivity?

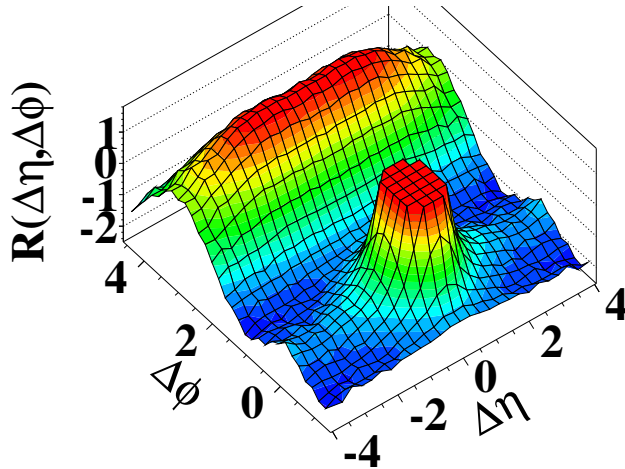
Hydro. flow? CGC?

QGP in small systems?

# Can energy makes a difference on “ridge”?

2010, 7 TeV

(d) CMS  $N \geq 110$ ,  $1.0 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

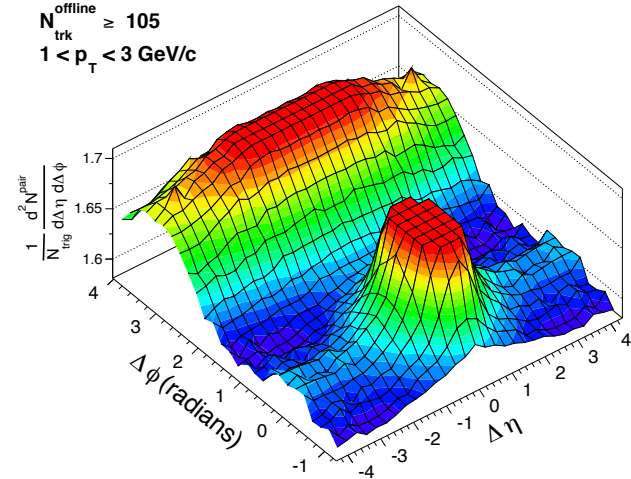


2015, 13 TeV

CMS Preliminary pp  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

(b)

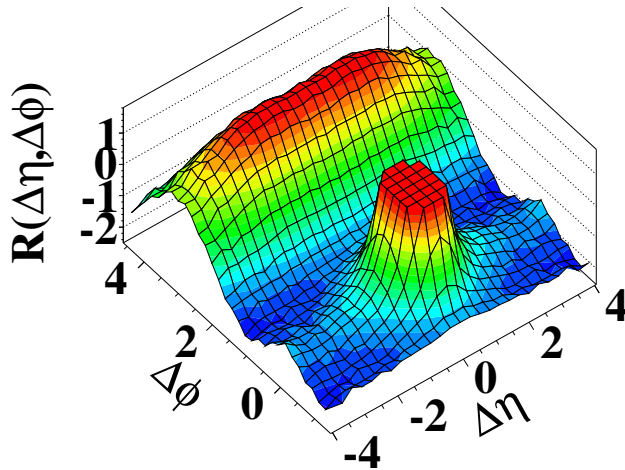
$N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{offline}} \geq 105$   
 $1 < p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$



# Can energy makes a difference on “ridge”?

2010, 7 TeV

(d) CMS  $N_{\text{trk}} \geq 110$ ,  $1.0 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

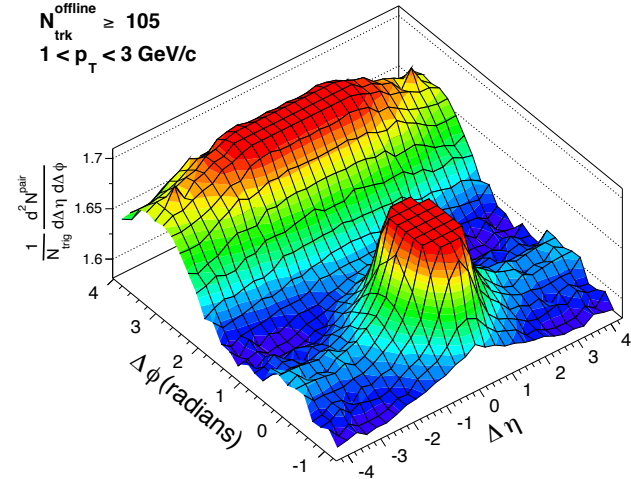


2015, 13 TeV

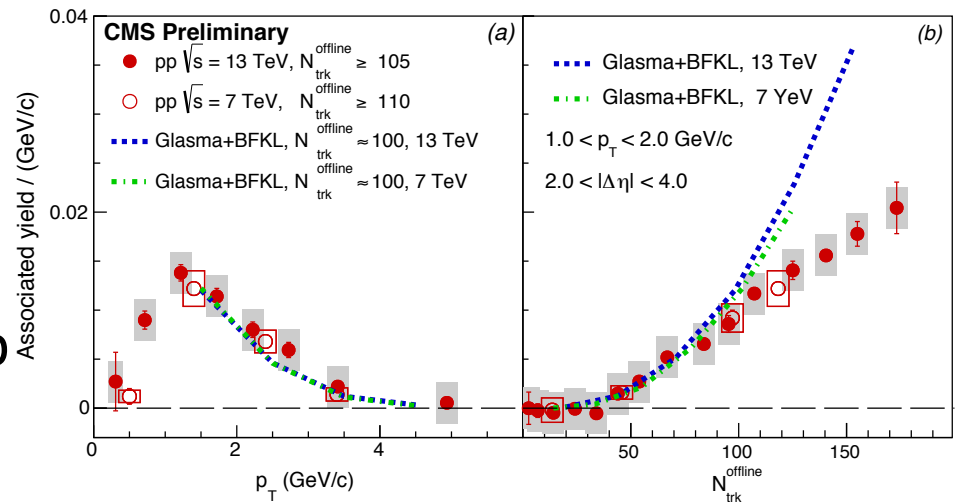
CMS Preliminary pp  $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

$N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{offline}} \geq 105$   
 $1 < p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$

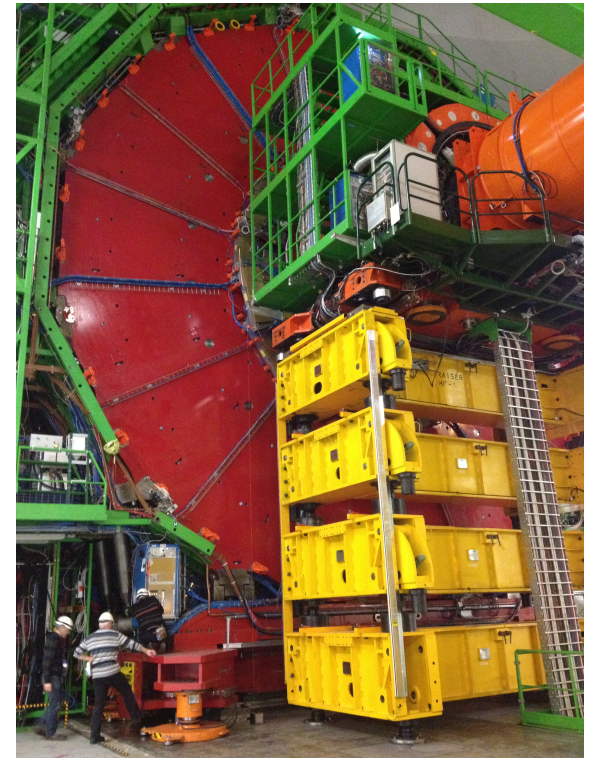
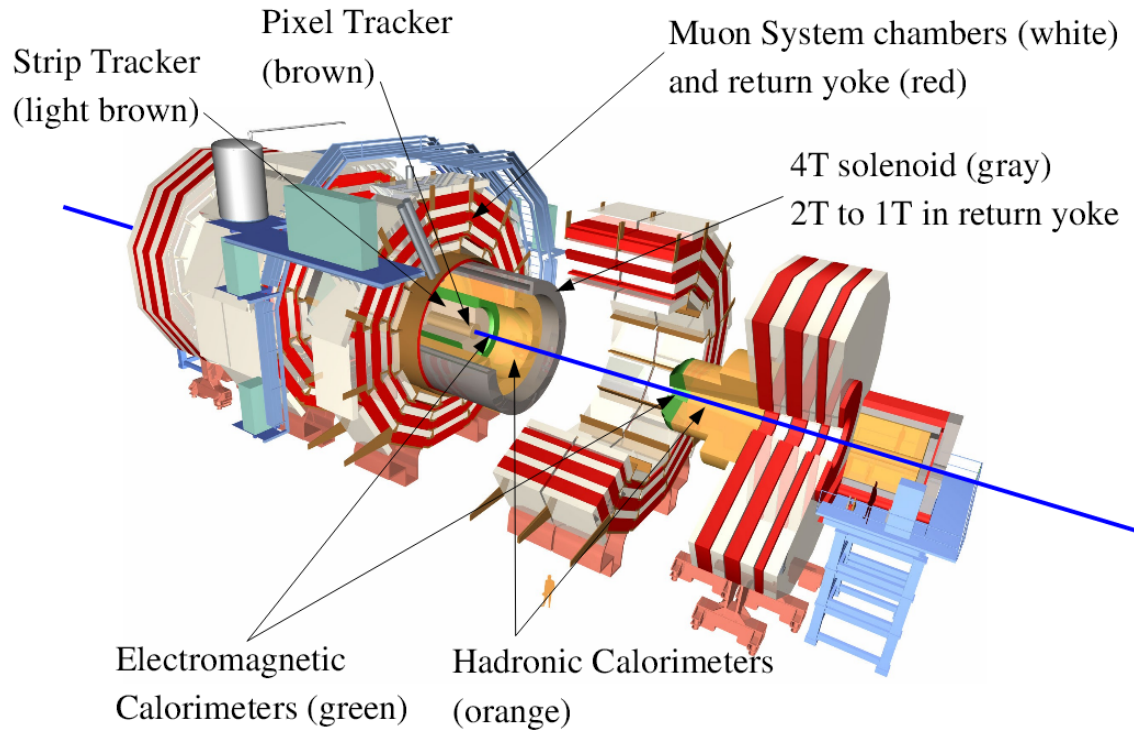
(b)



- No energy dependence has been observed between 7 and 13 TeV in pp collisions
- CGC also proposes to describe the correlation in pp

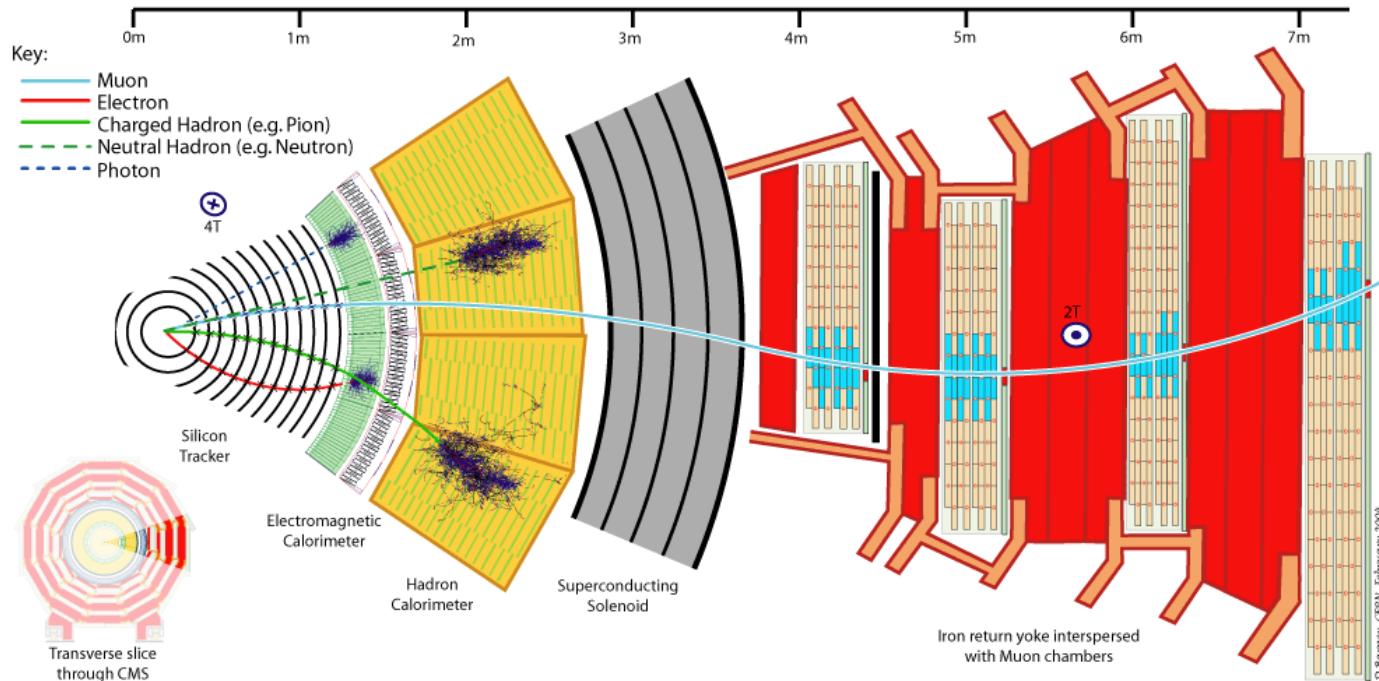


# CMS detectors



It looks HUGE!!!

# CMS detectors

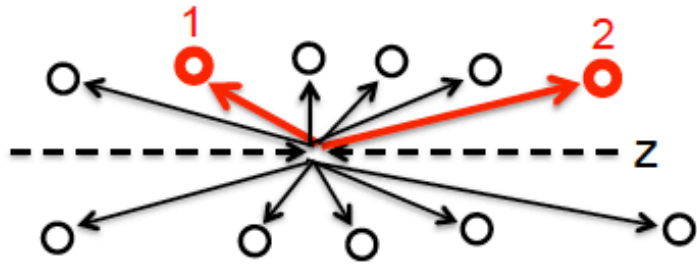


High precision tracking system + large acceptance!

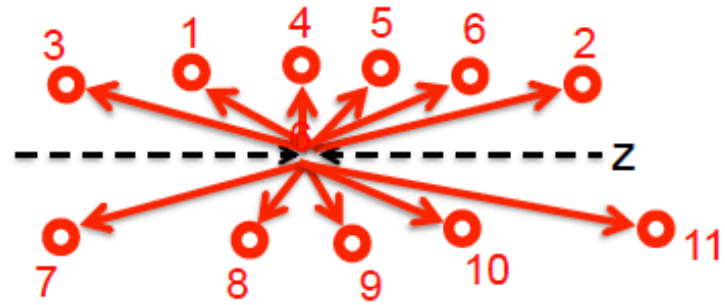


# Collectivity in pA

Two-particle correlation



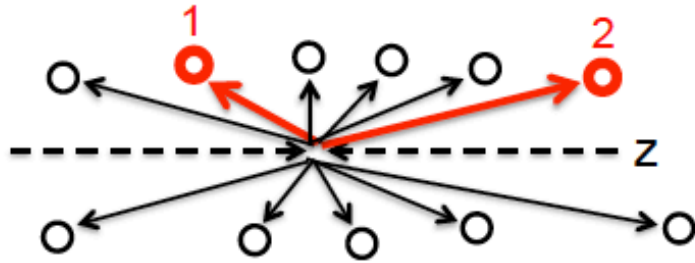
Multi-particle correlation



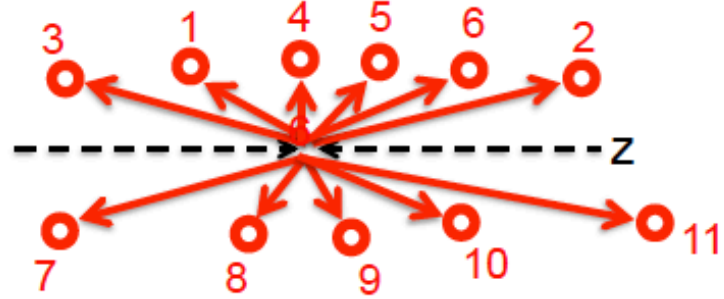
$$v_2\{2\} > v_2\{4\} \approx v_2\{6\} \approx v_2\{8\} \approx v_2\{\text{LYZ}, \infty\} \quad \text{Hydro. prediction}$$

# Collectivity in pA

Two-particle correlation

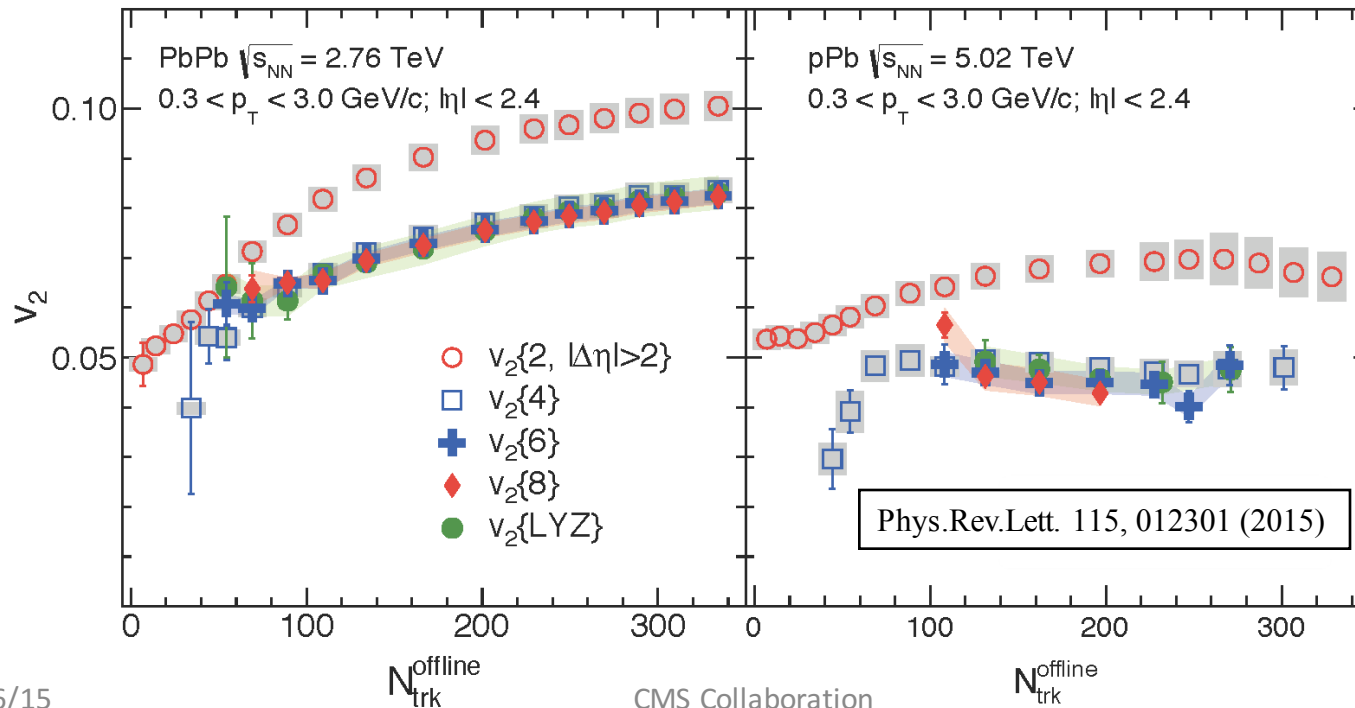


Multi-particle correlation



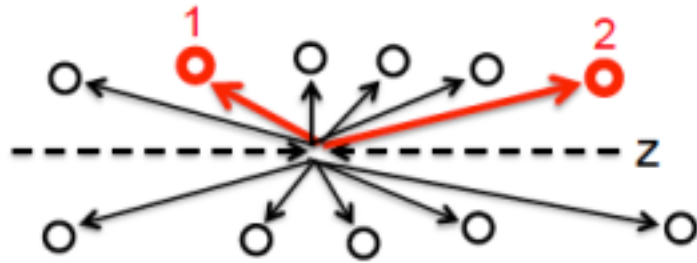
OR

$$v_2\{2\} > v_2\{4\} \approx v_2\{6\} \approx v_2\{8\} \approx v_2\{\text{LYZ}, \infty\} \quad \text{Hydro. prediction}$$

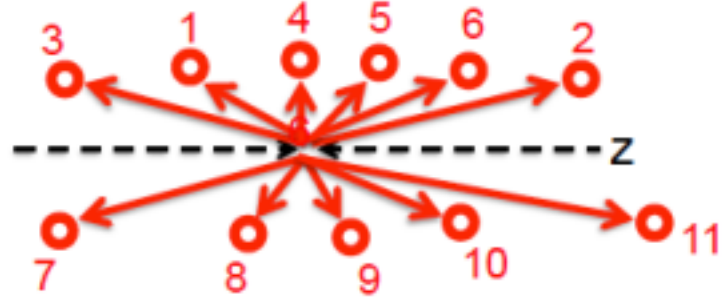


# Collectivity in pA

Two-particle correlation



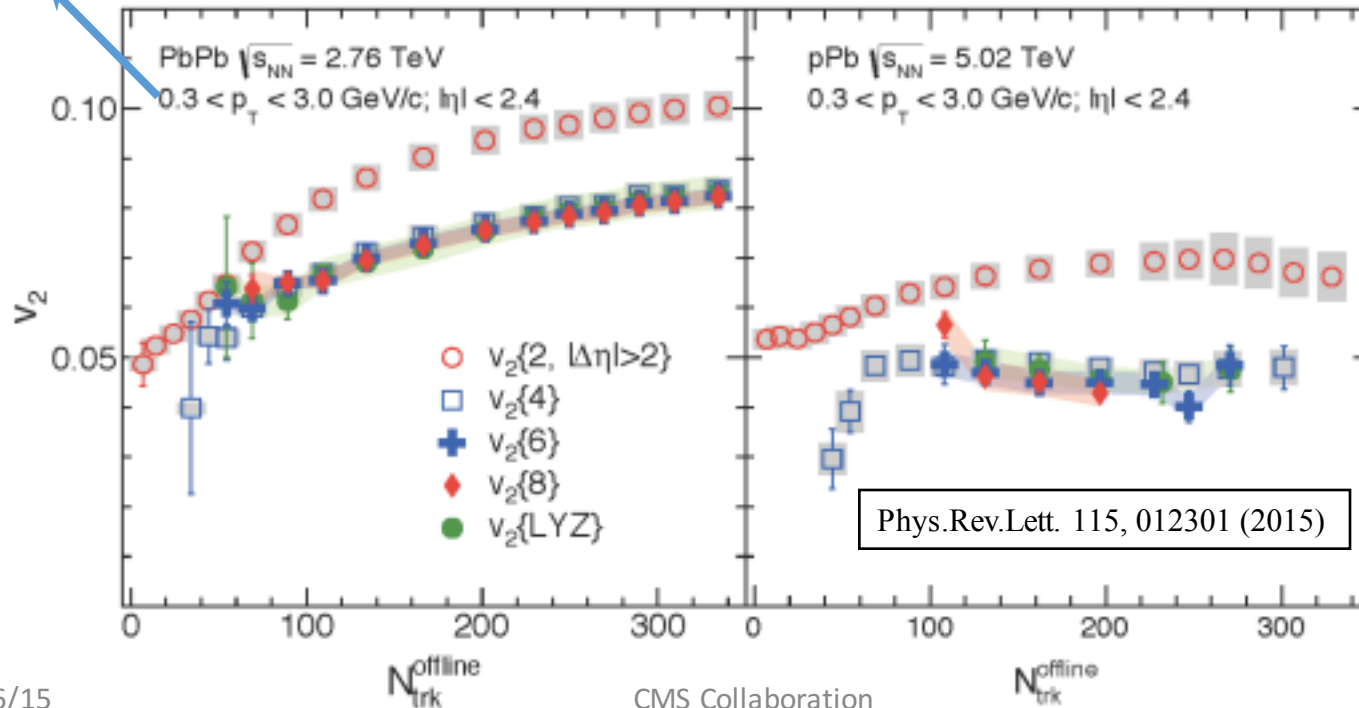
Multi-particle correlation



OR

$0.3 < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV}$   
 $|\eta| < 2.4$

$v_2\{2\} > v_2\{4\} \approx v_2\{6\} \approx v_2\{8\} \approx v_2\{\text{LYZ}, \infty\}$  Hydro. prediction



Phys.Rev.Lett. 115, 012301 (2015)

# Collectivity in pA

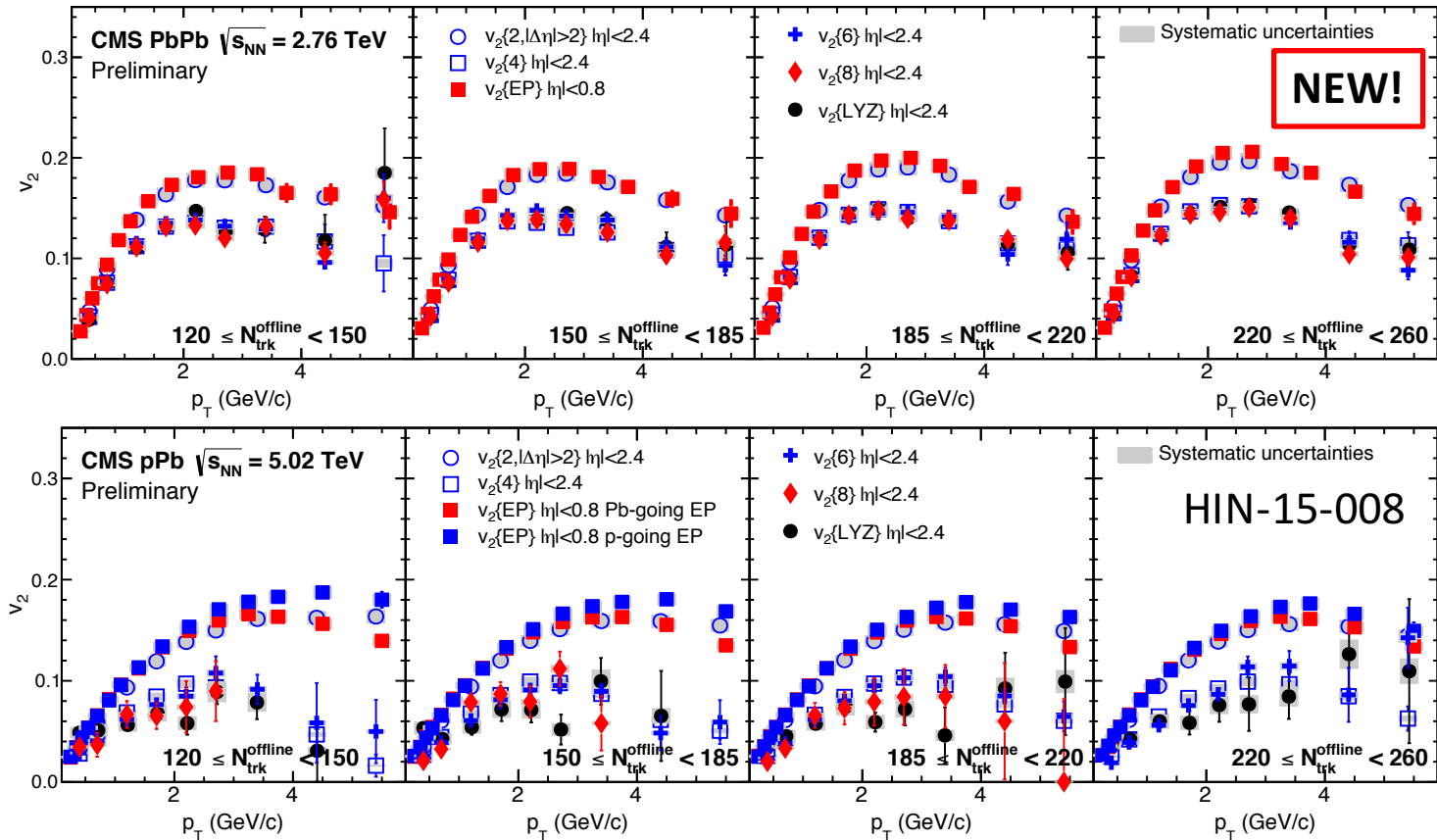
What about high  $p_T$  ?  
different  $\eta$  ?

# Collectivity in pA

What about high  $p_T$  ?  $v_2\{2\} > v_2\{4\} \approx v_2\{6\} \approx v_2\{8\} \approx v_2\{\text{LYZ}, \infty\}$  Hydro. prediction  
different  $\eta$  ?

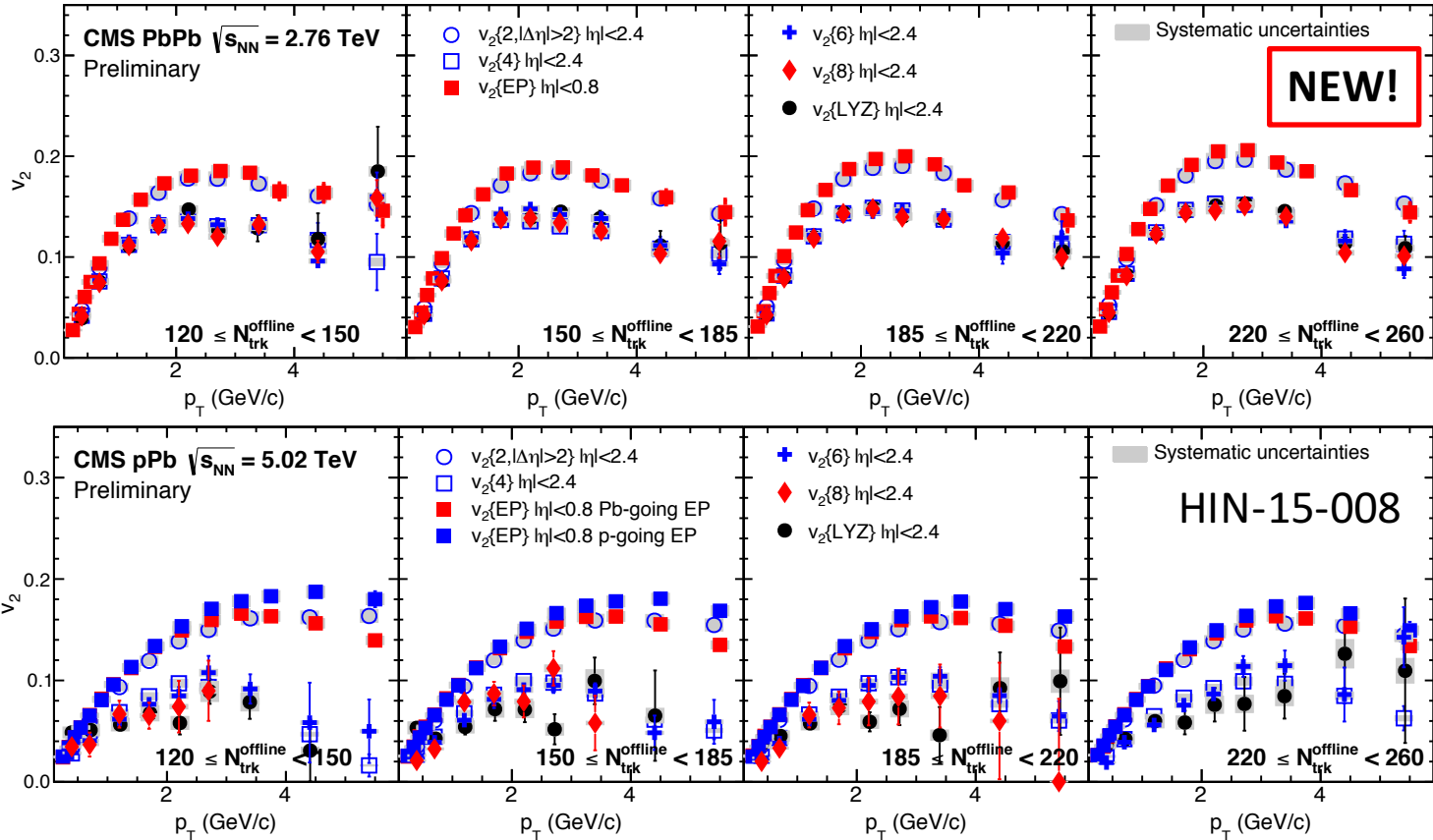
# Collectivity in pA

What about high  $p_T$ ?  $v_2\{2\} > v_2\{4\} \approx v_2\{6\} \approx v_2\{8\} \approx v_2\{\text{LYZ}, \infty\}$  Hydro. prediction different  $\eta$ ?



# Collectivity in pA

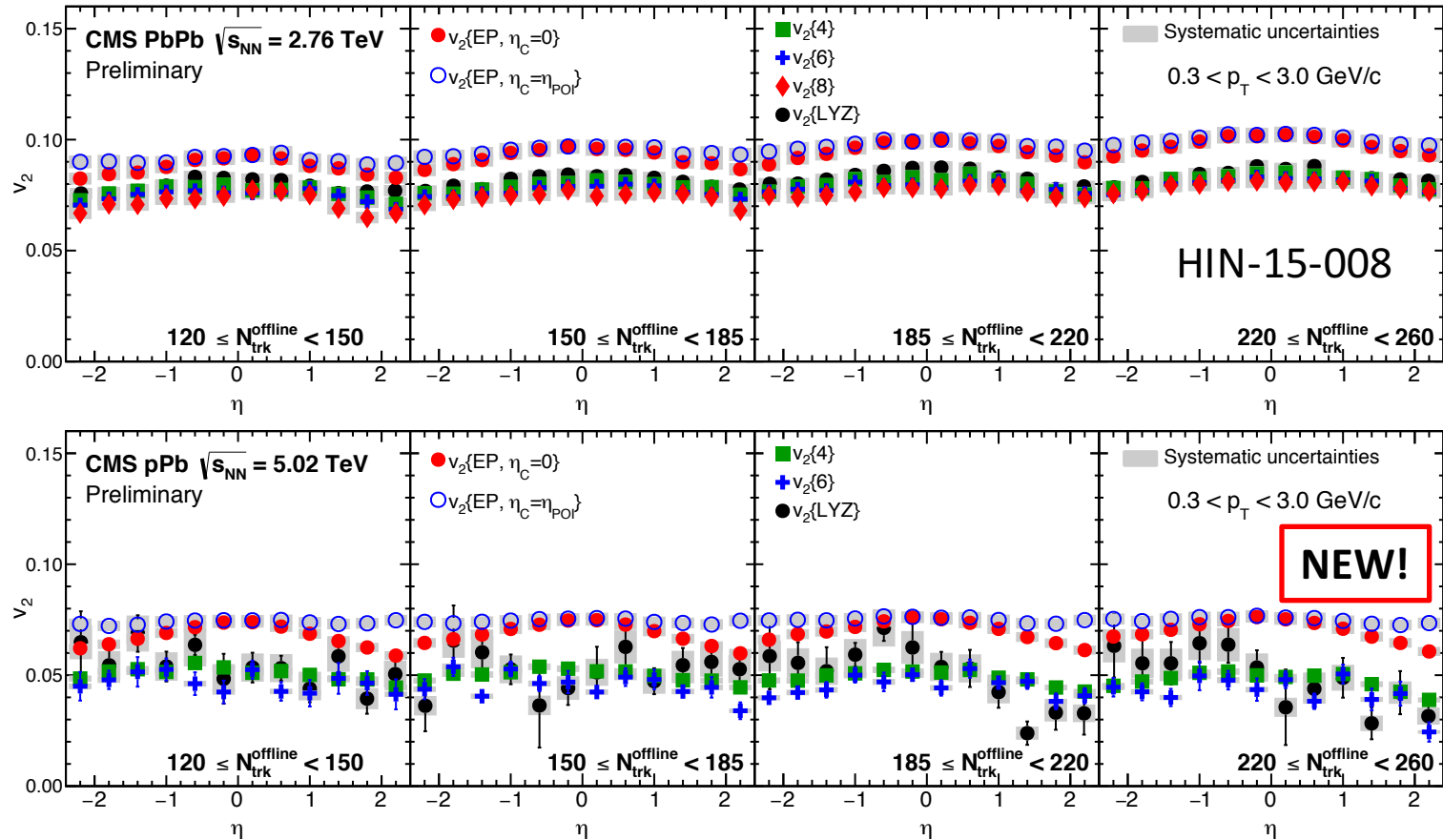
What about high  $p_T$ ?  $v_2\{2\} > v_2\{4\} \approx v_2\{6\} \approx v_2\{8\} \approx v_2\{\text{LYZ}, \infty\}$  Hydro. prediction different  $\eta$ ?



Collectivity extends to a wide range of  $p_T$

# Collectivity in pA

What about high  $p_T$ ?  $v_2\{2\} > v_2\{4\} \approx v_2\{6\} \approx v_2\{8\} \approx v_2\{\text{LYZ}, \infty\}$  Hydro. prediction  
 different  $\eta$ ?



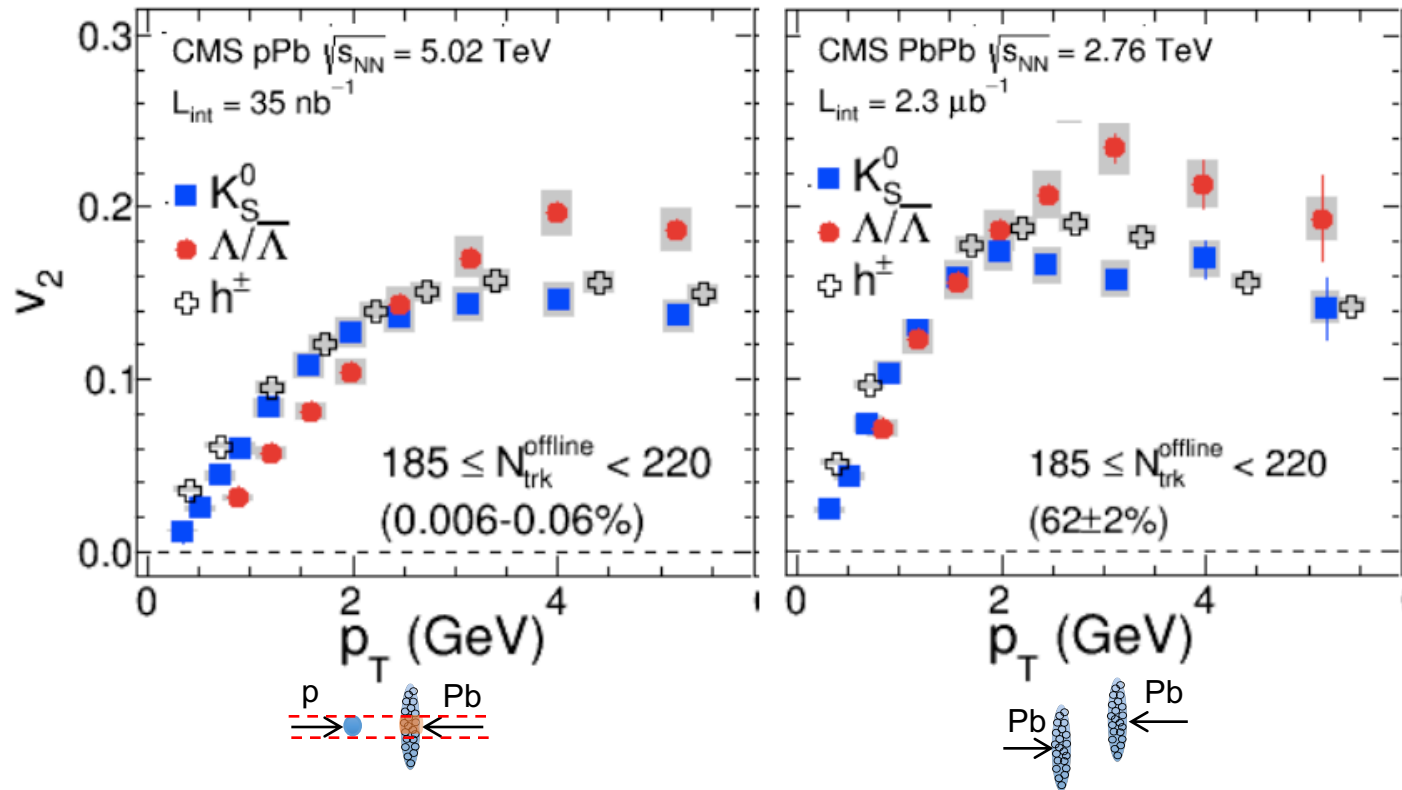
Collectivity extends to a wide range of pseudorapidity



If there is collectivity in small systems,  
like pA

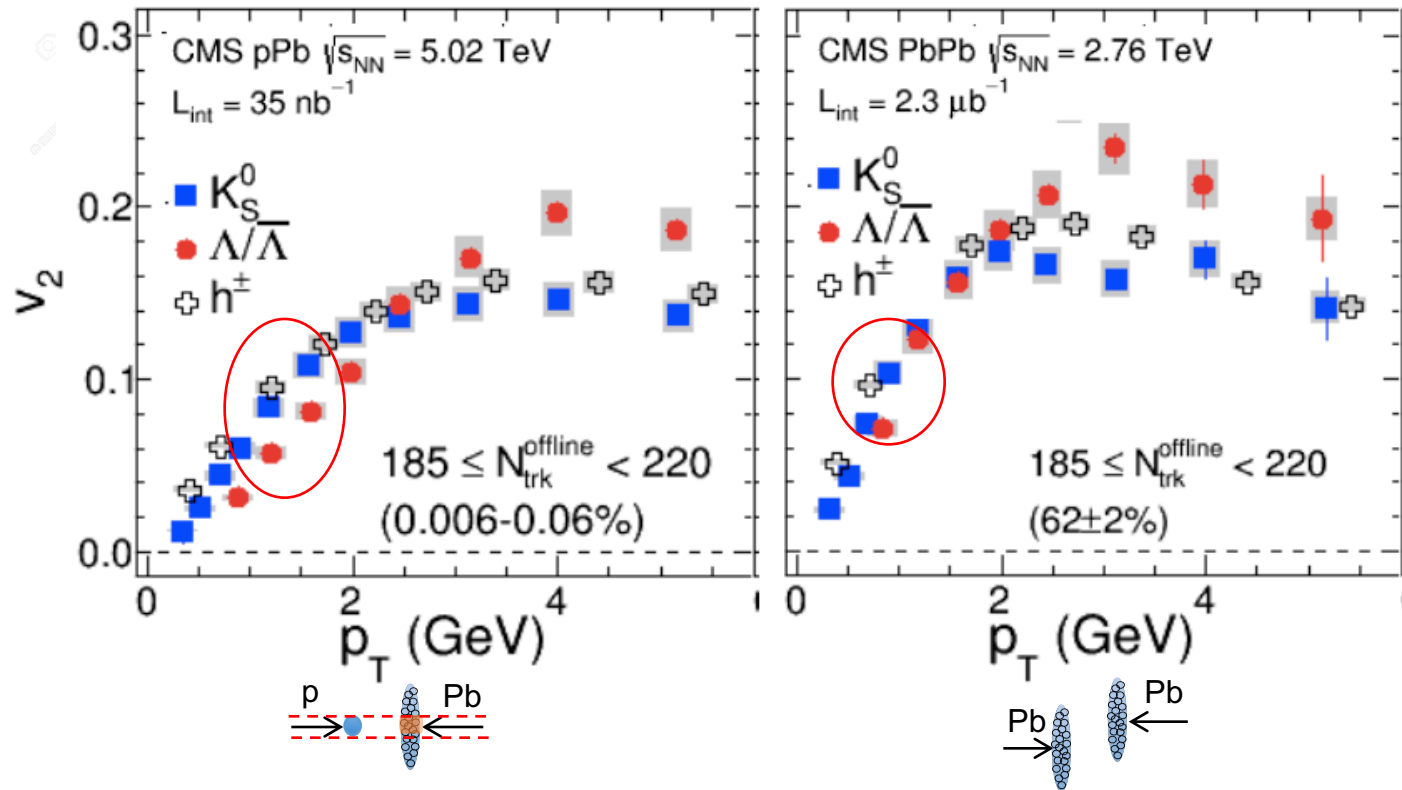
can this be Hydro. flow?

# Collective “flow” in pA and pp



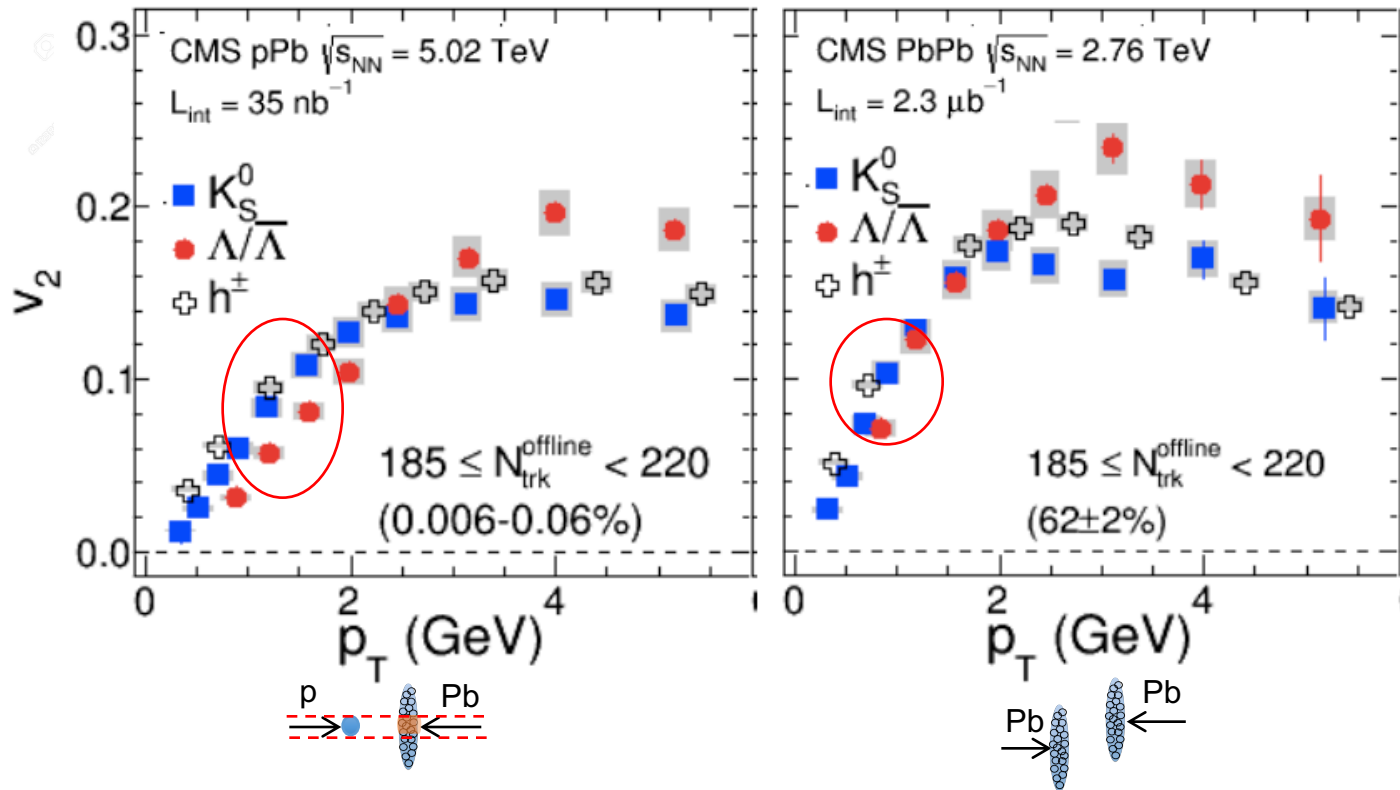


# Collective “flow” in pA and pp

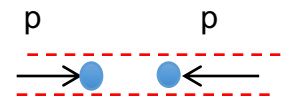




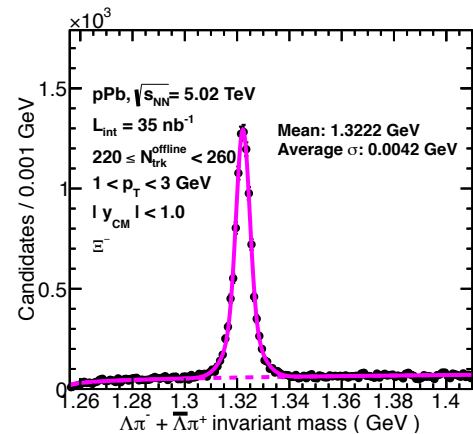
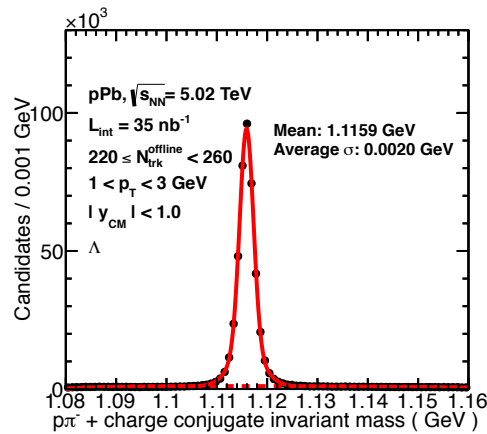
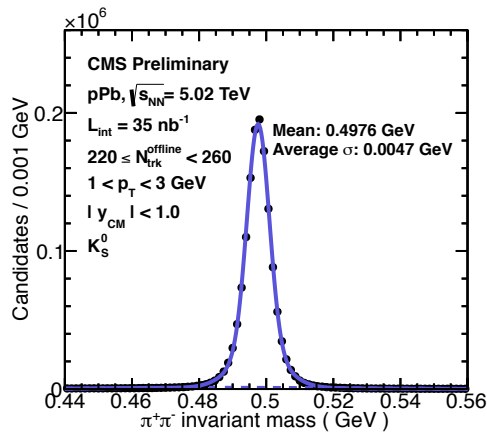
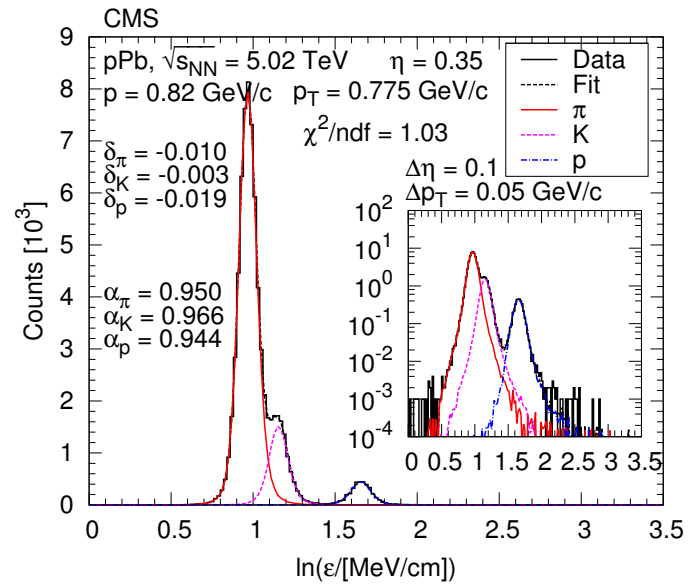
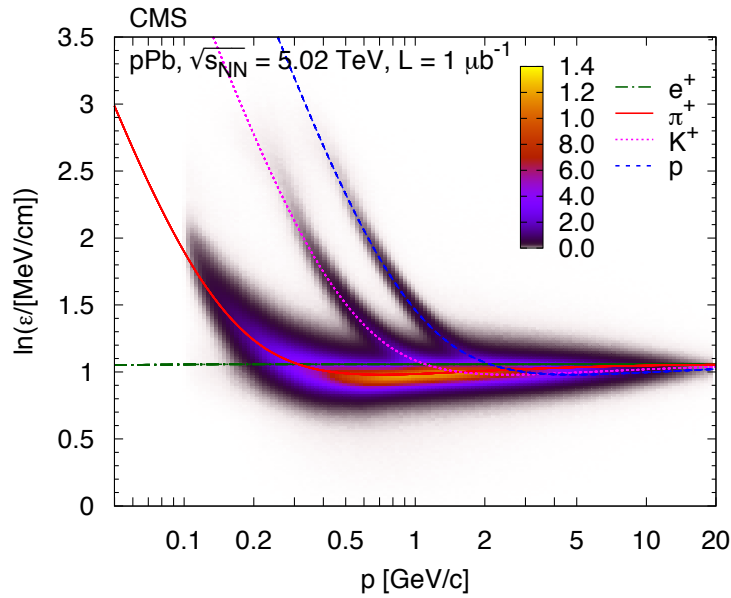
# Collective “flow” in pA and pp



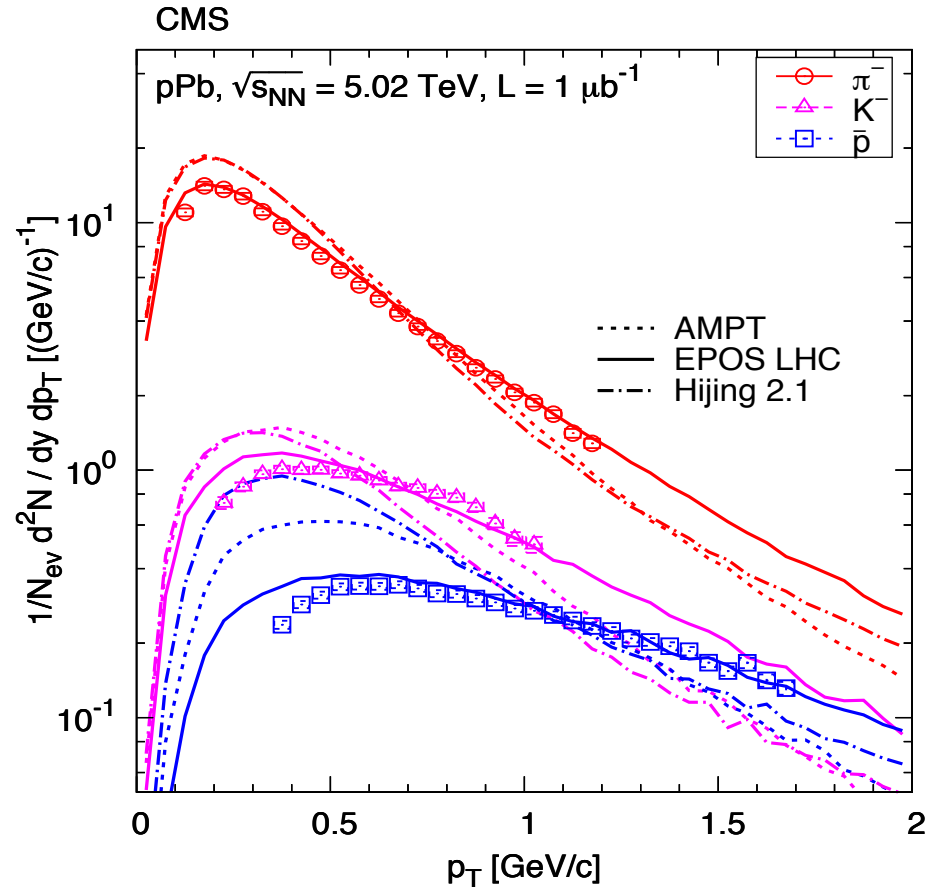
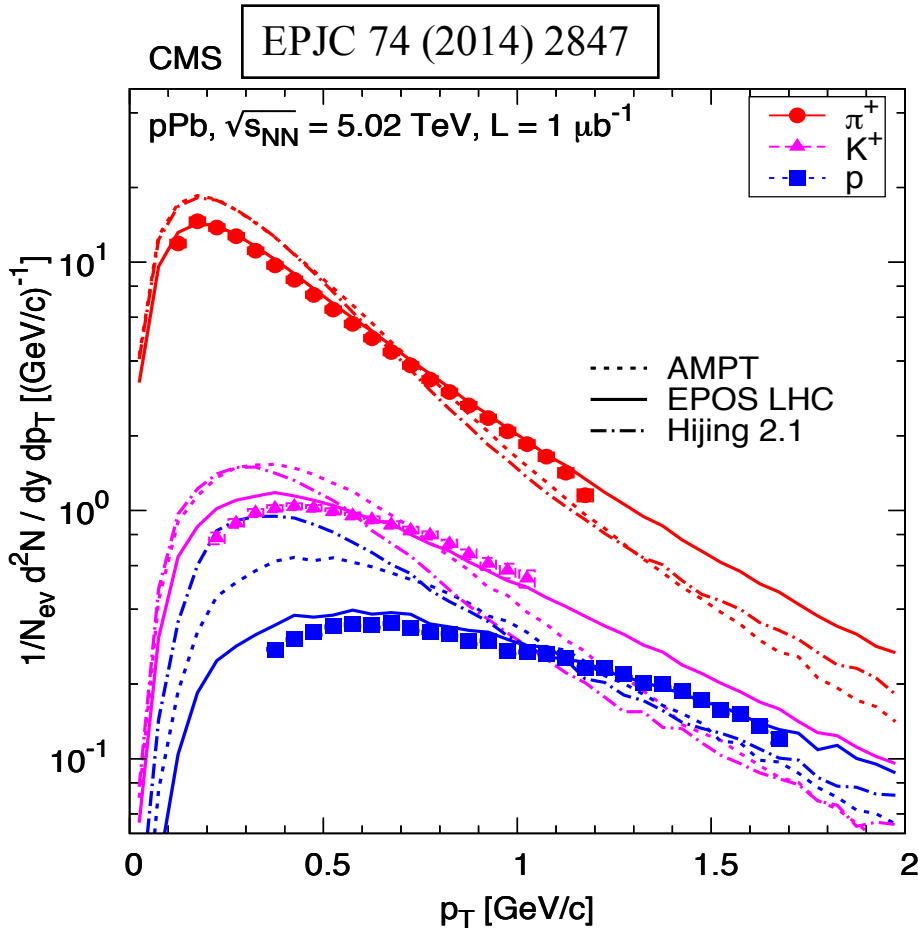
- ❖ If there is “radial flow”, how **pp**, **pA** vs **AA**?
- ❖ How about  $v_2$  measurement in pp?



# Particle identification

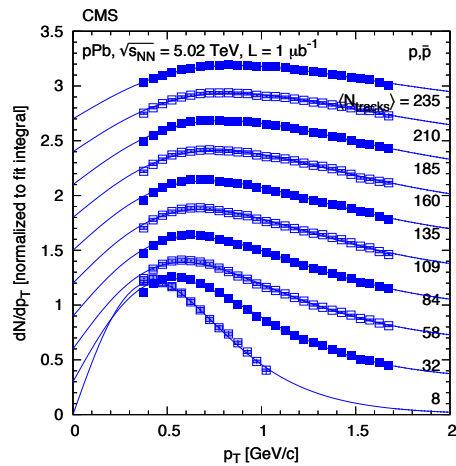
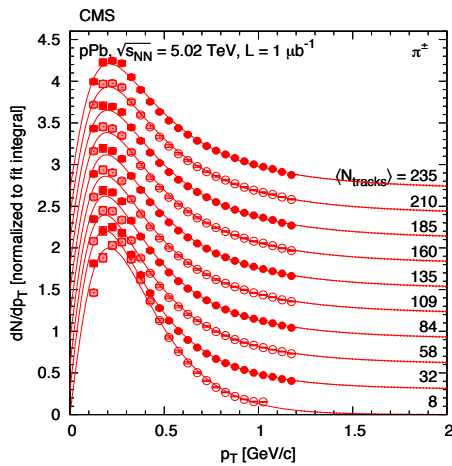
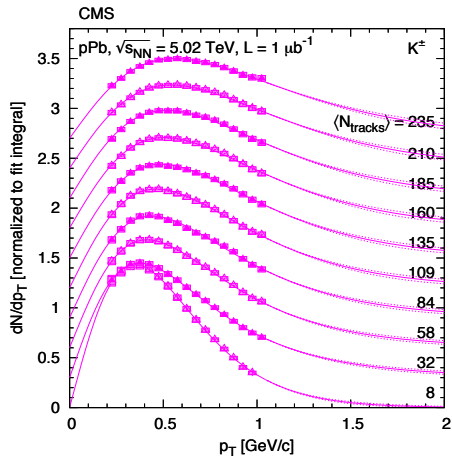


# PID spectra in pPb

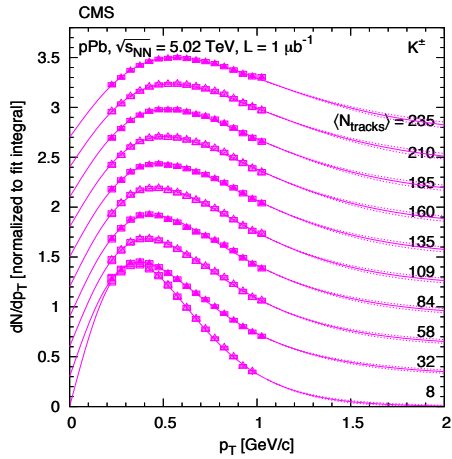


**Described better by model with flow effect**

# PID spectra in pPb

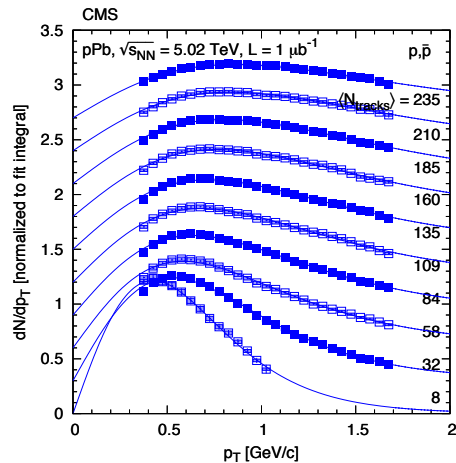
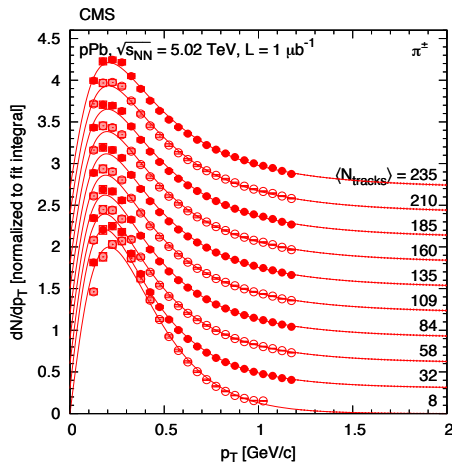


# PID spectra in pPb



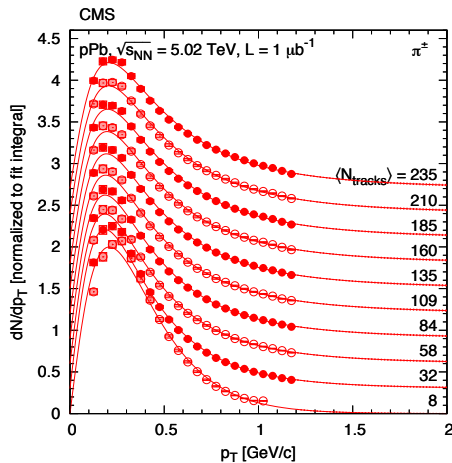
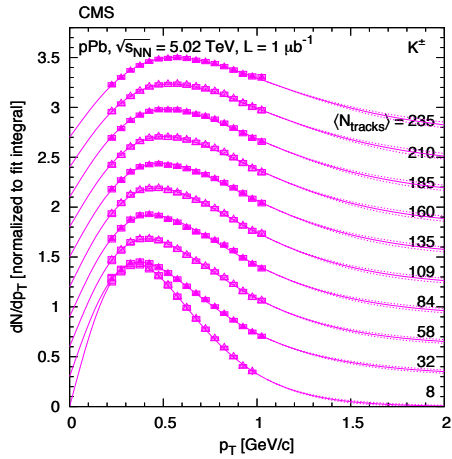
$$m_T \exp\left(-\frac{m_T}{T'}\right)$$

$$T' \propto T_{kin} + m < \beta_T >^2$$





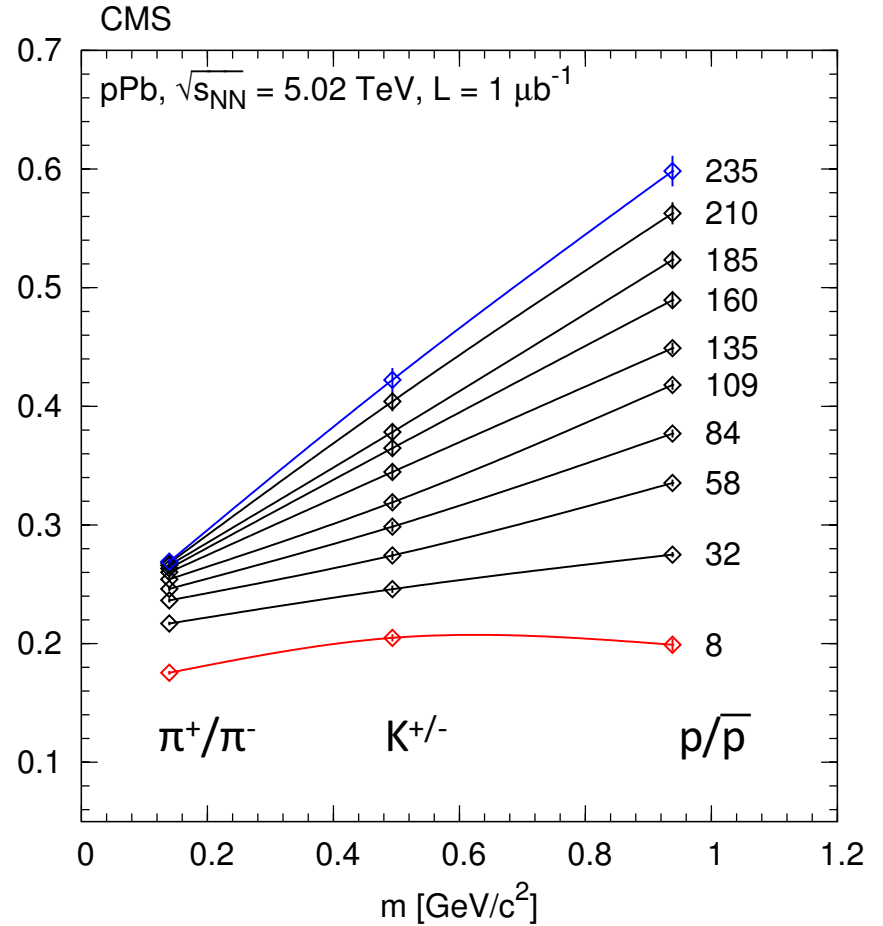
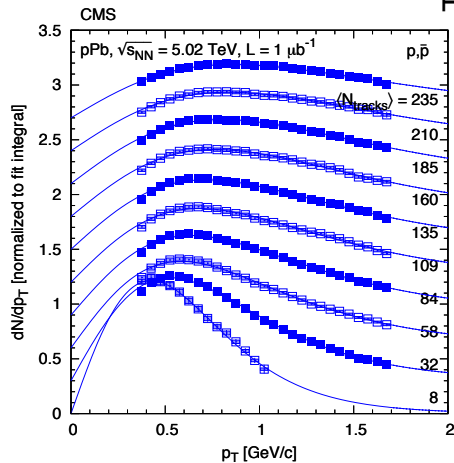
# PID spectra in pPb



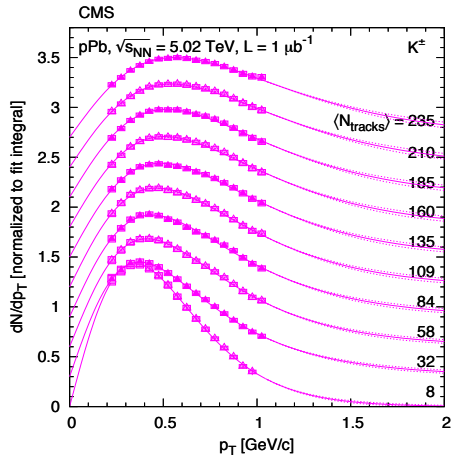
$$m_T \exp\left(-\frac{m_T}{T'}\right)$$

$$T' \propto T_{kin} + m < \beta_T >^2$$

→  $T' \text{ [GeV/c]}$

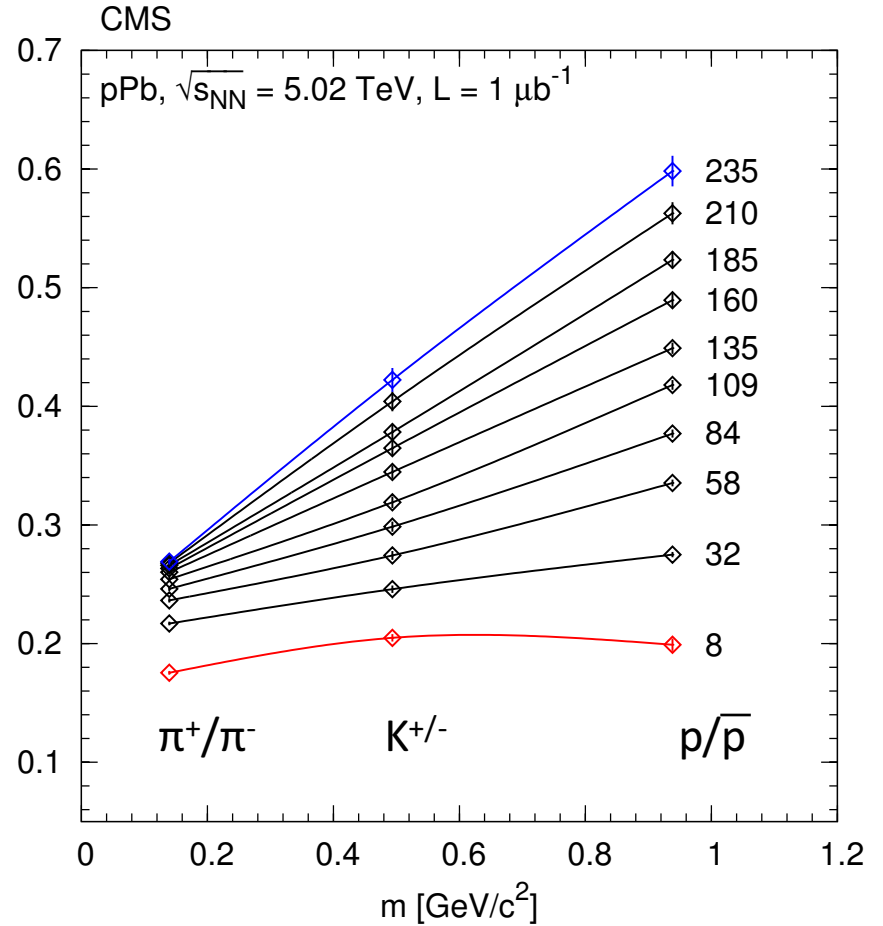
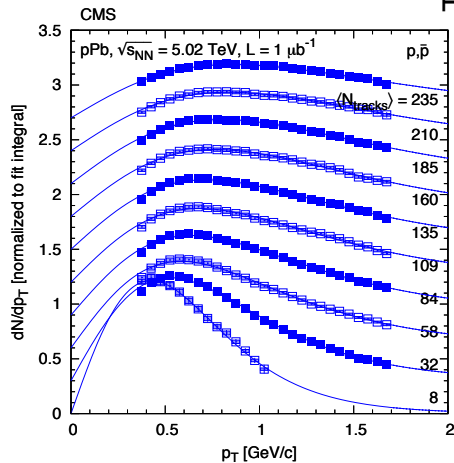
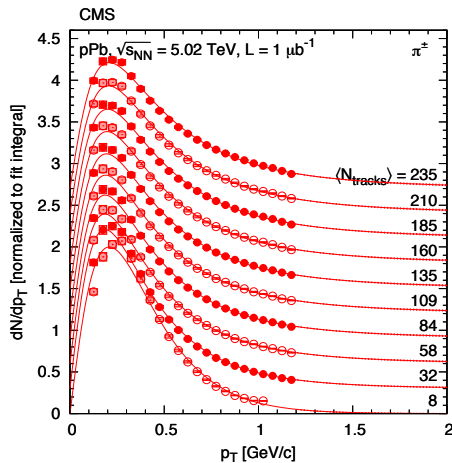


# PID spectra in pPb



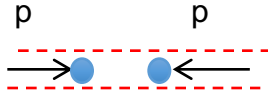
$$m_T \exp\left(-\frac{m_T}{T'}\right)$$

$$T' \propto T_{kin} + m < \beta_T >^2$$



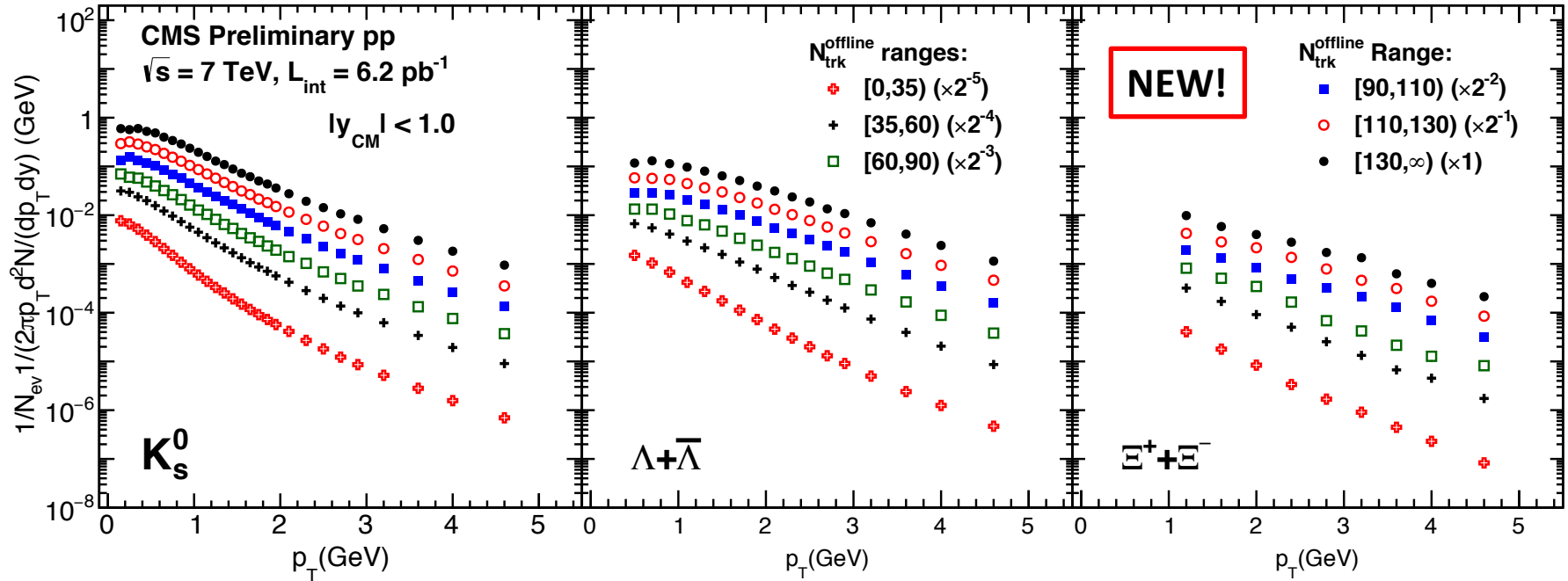
**Indication of multiplicity dependence of radial flow in pPb**

# PID spectra in pp



pPb, PbPb spectra  
in backups

HIN-15-006

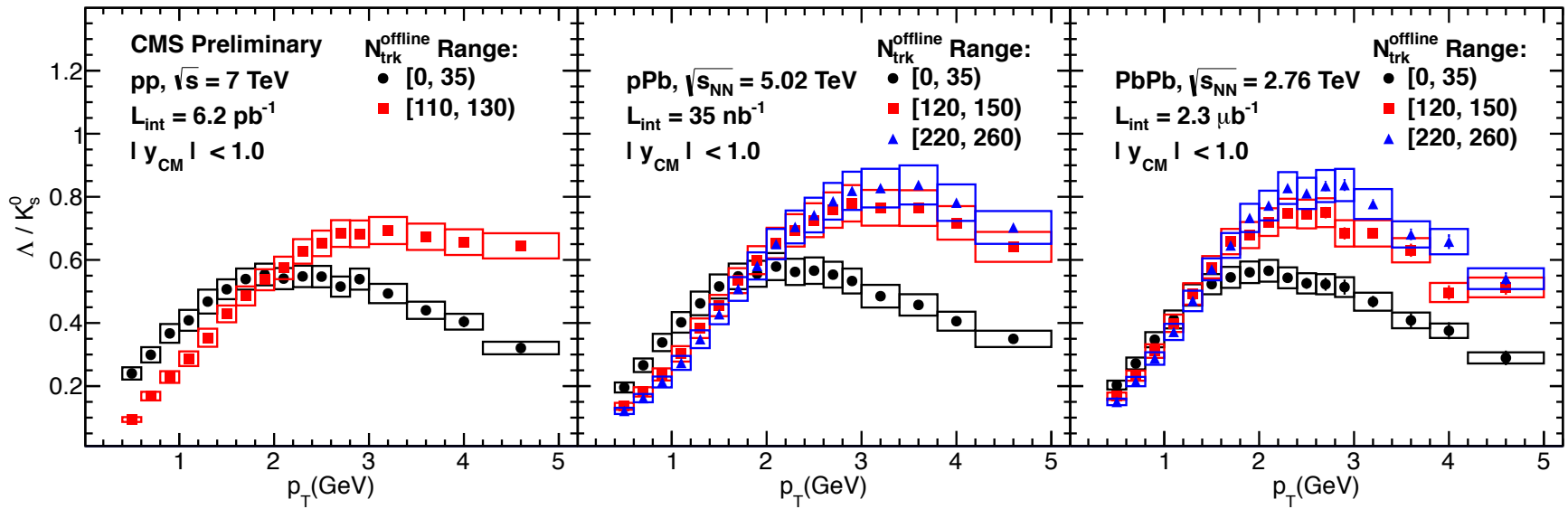


Clear spectra evolution from different multiplicities

# Close look at PID spectra

HIN-15-006

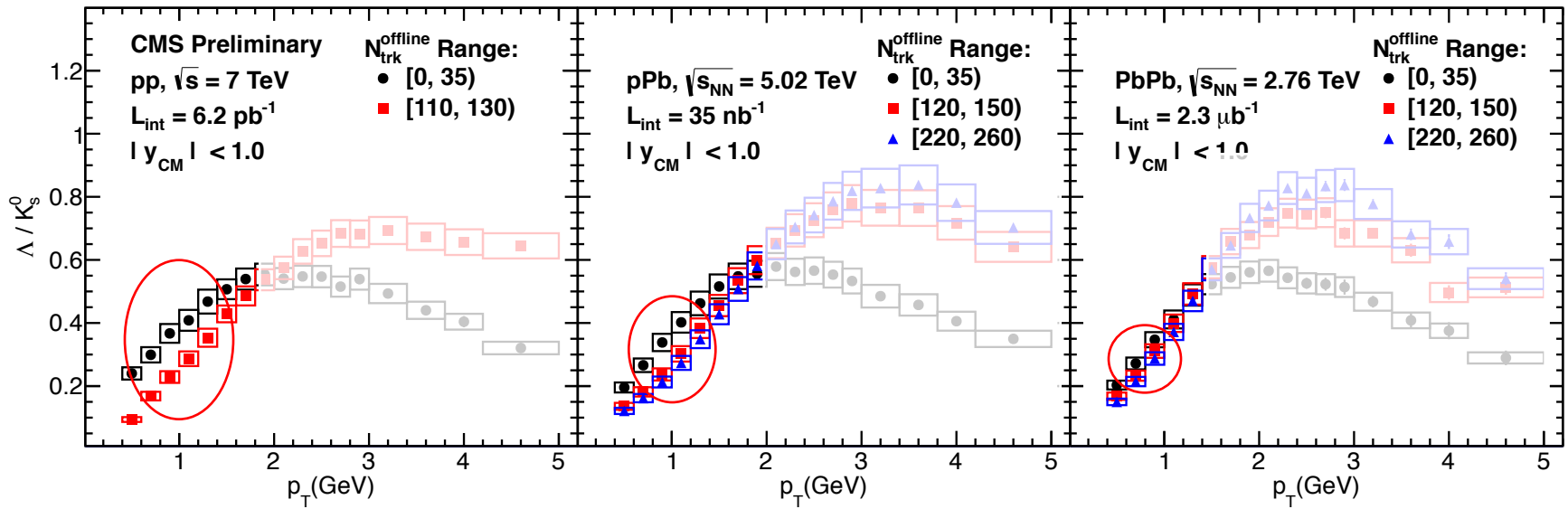
**NEW!**



# Close look at PID spectra

HIN-15-006

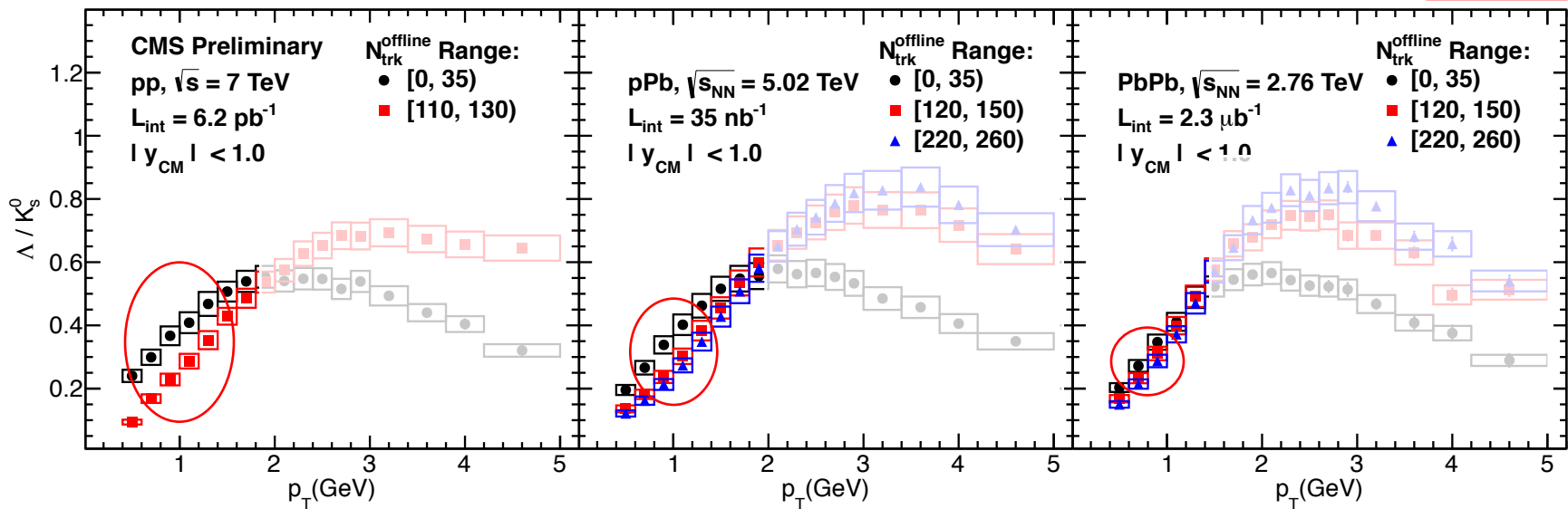
**NEW!**



# Close look at PID spectra

HIN-15-006

**NEW!**

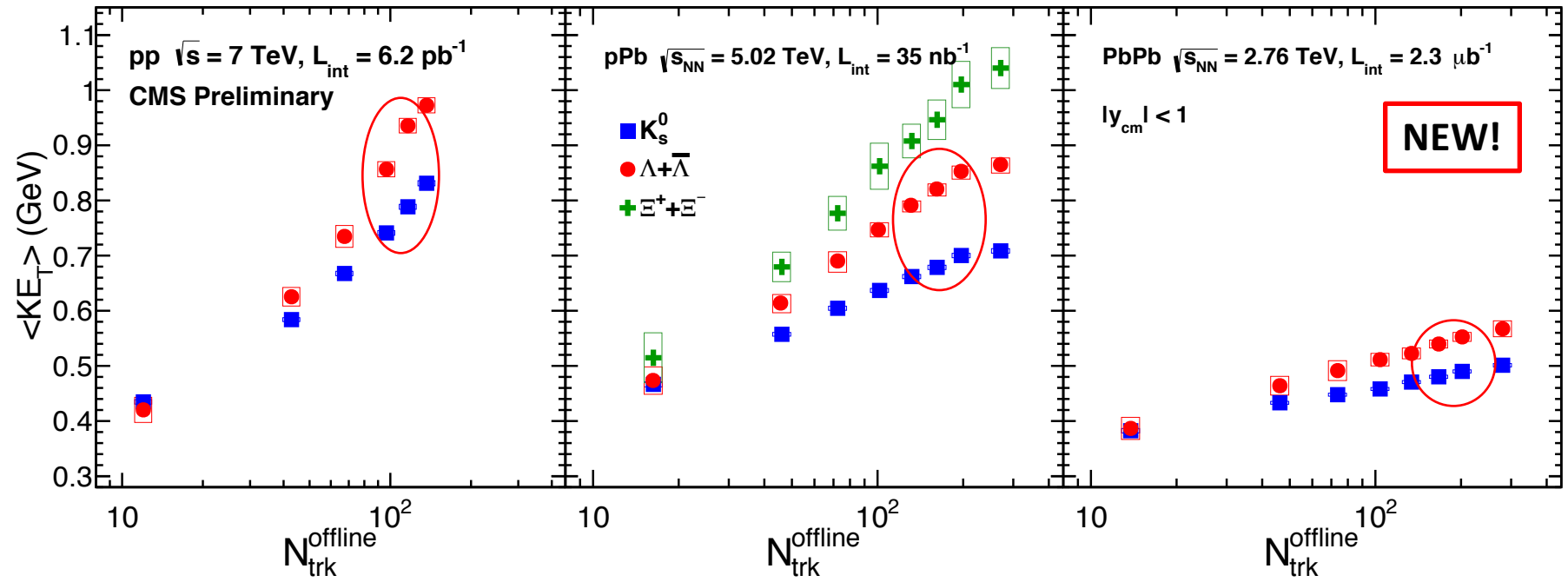


- ❑ Difference in baryon/meson ratio increases as the system becomes smaller!
- ❑ Caused by colliding energies? **Or there is stronger “radial flow” in smaller systems?**

# Close look at PID spectra

$$KE_T = \sqrt{p_T^2 + m^2} - m$$

HIN-15-006



at similar multiplicities:

$$\langle KE_T \rangle (\text{pp}) \gtrsim \langle KE_T \rangle (\text{pPb}) > \langle KE_T \rangle (\text{PbPb})$$

$$\langle KE_T \rangle_{\Lambda-K0s} \approx \Delta m \cdot \langle \beta_T \rangle^2 \quad (\sim \text{hydro})$$

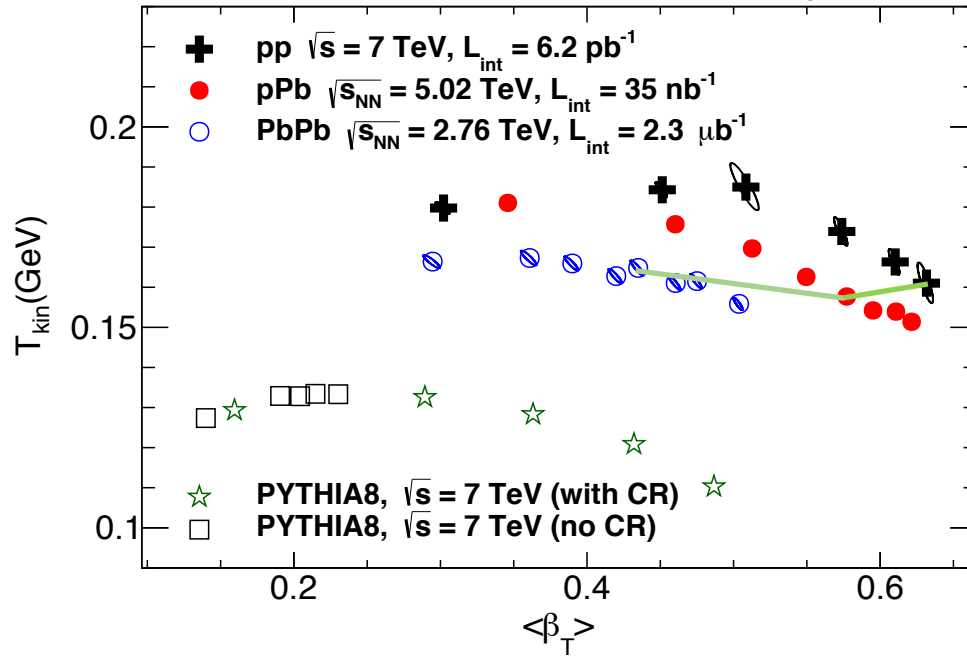
Stronger radial flow in pp, pPb than PbPb ?

# PID spectra 3 systems comparison

HIN-15-006  
CMS Preliminary

**NEW!**

$|y_{cm}| < 1.0$



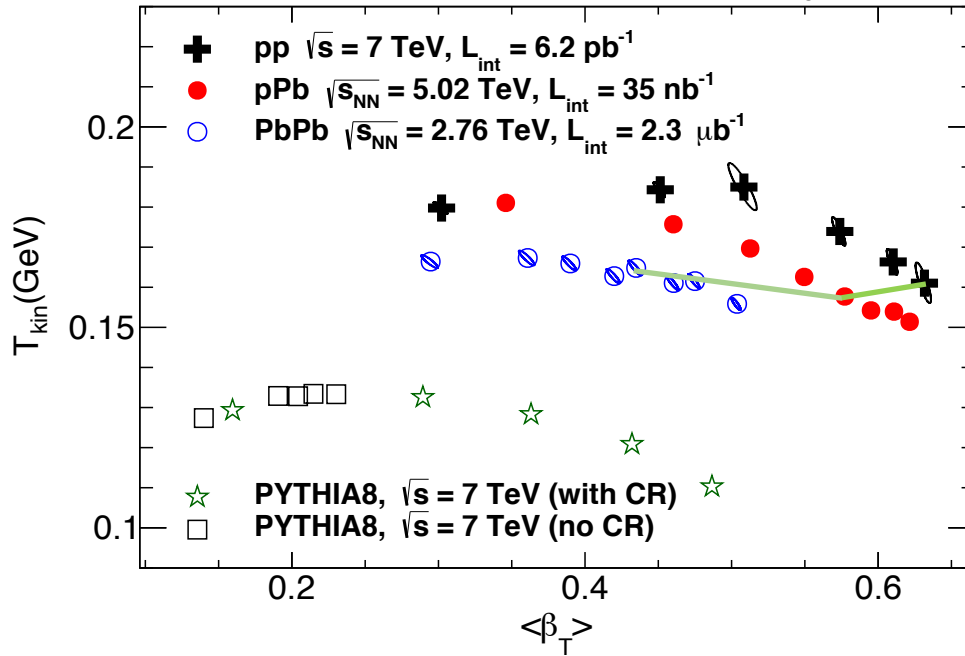


# PID spectra 3 systems comparison

HIN-15-006  
CMS Preliminary

**NEW!**

$|y_{cm}| < 1.0$



$\langle \beta_T \rangle$  (pp)  $>$   $\langle \beta_T \rangle$  (pPb)  $>$   
 $\langle \beta_T \rangle$  (PbPb)

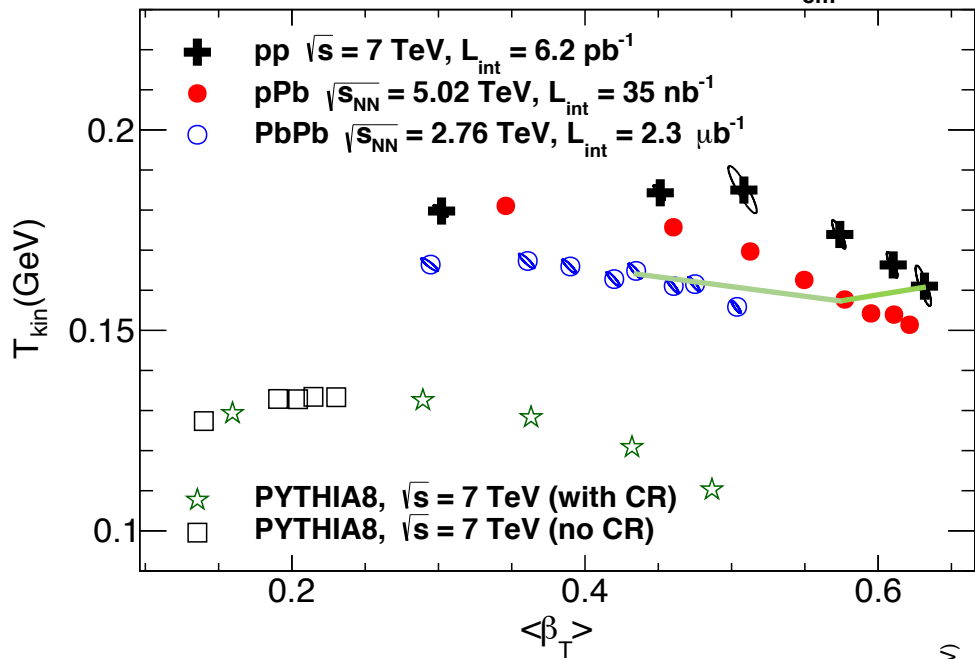
Values are model dependent,  
but good for system size  
comparisons

# PID spectra 3 systems comparison

HIN-15-006  
CMS Preliminary

**NEW!**

$|y_{cm}| < 1.0$

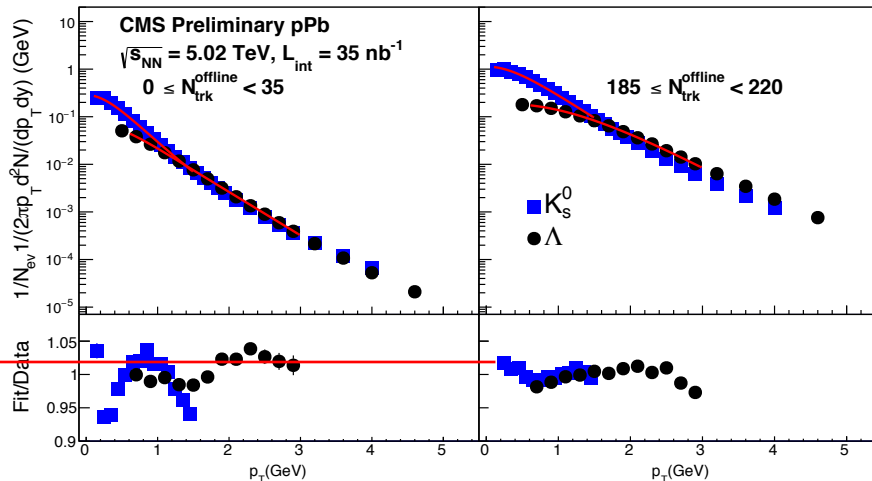


$$\langle \beta_T \rangle (pp) > \langle \beta_T \rangle (pPb) > \langle \beta_T \rangle (PbPb)$$

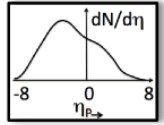
Values are model dependent, but good for system size comparisons

Other models like Color Reconnection proposes to attribute to “radial flow”

However, the fit quality is worse (20%) than our **data (~2-3%)** ←

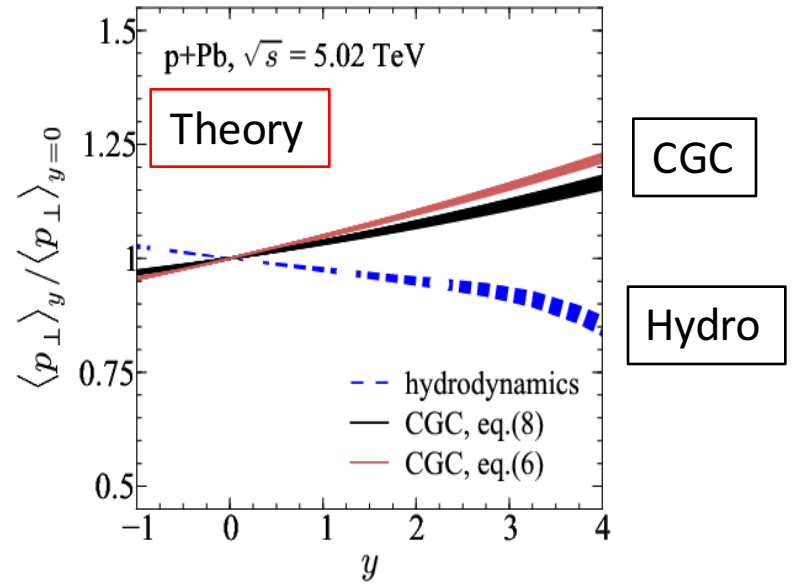
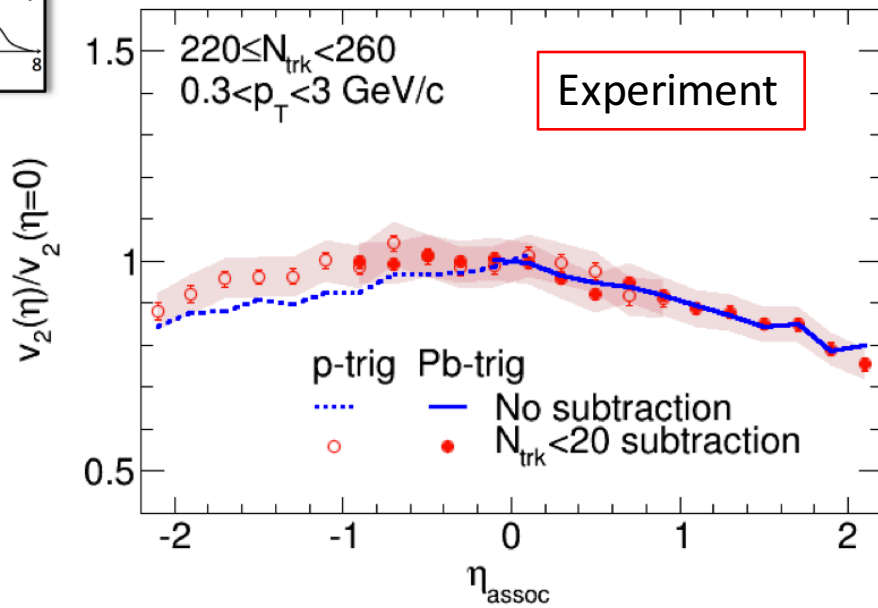


# Rapidity dependence in pPb

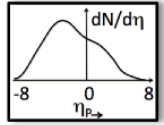


CMS Preliminary pPb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=5.02$  TeV

*Phys. Lett. B 748 (2014)*

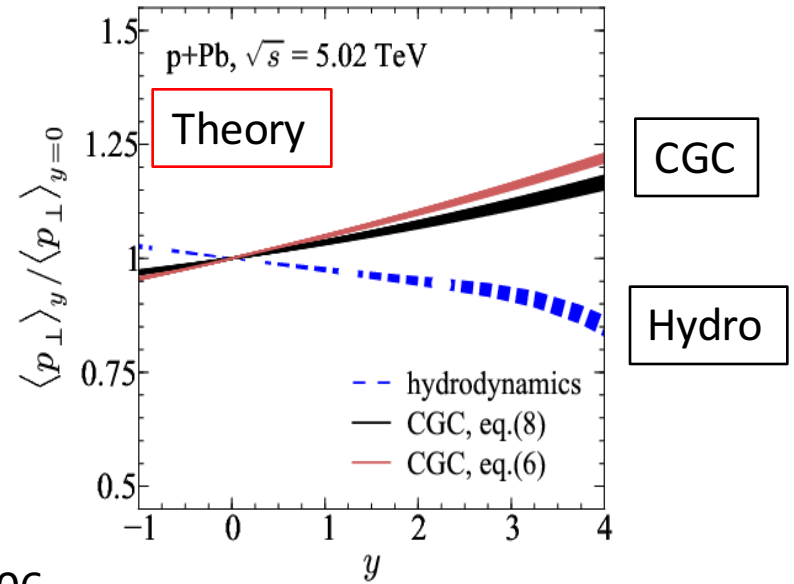
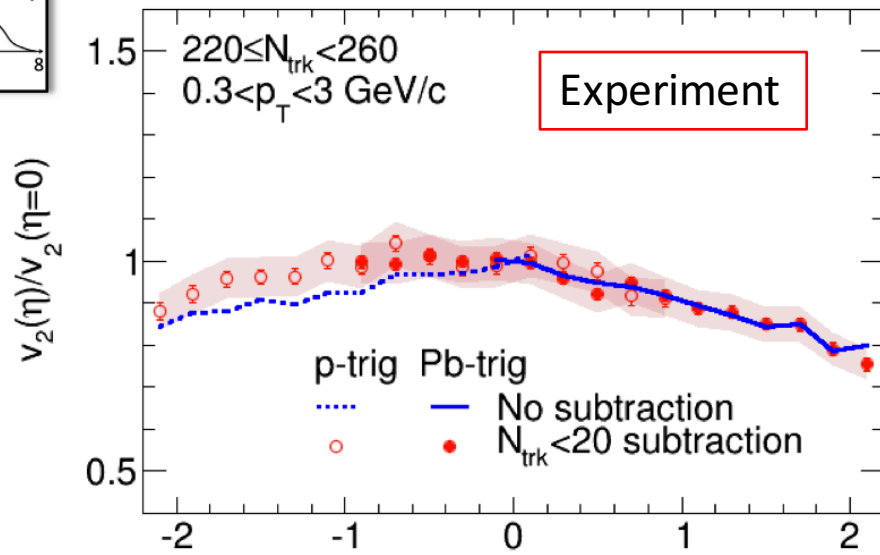


# Rapidity dependence in pPb

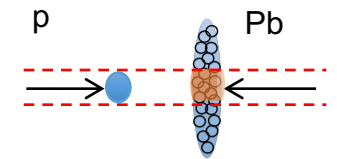
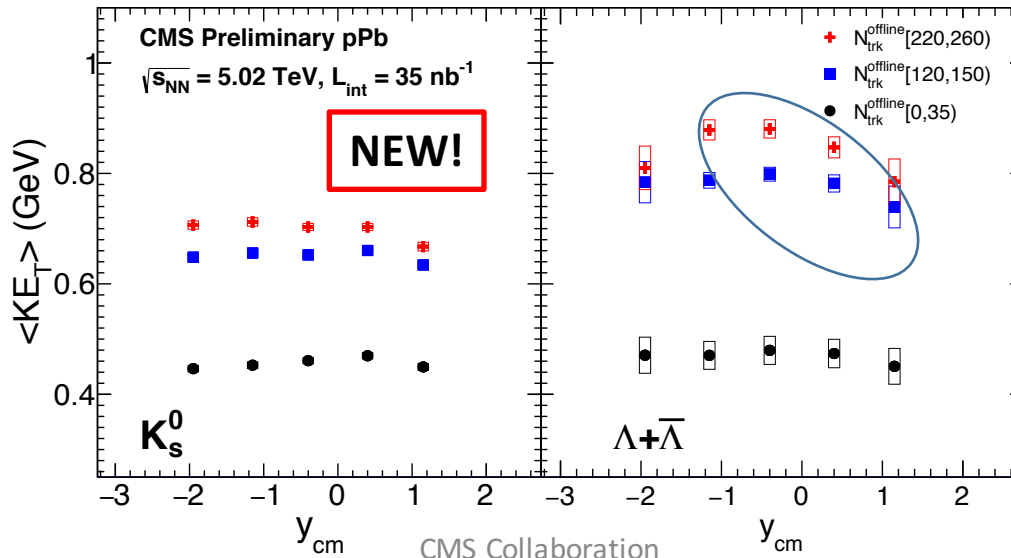


CMS Preliminary pPb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=5.02$  TeV

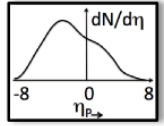
*Phys. Lett. B* 748 (2014)



HIN-15-006

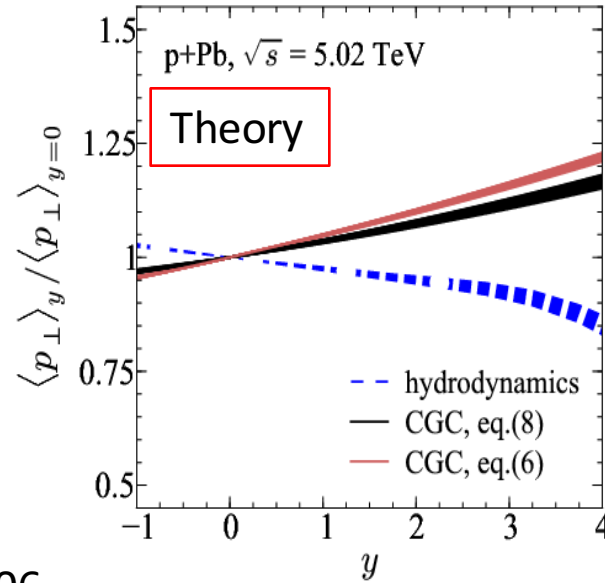
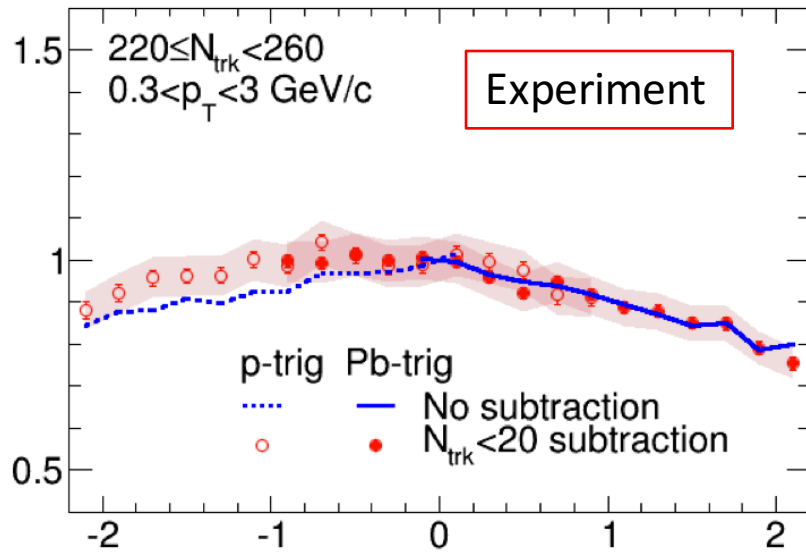


# Rapidity dependence in pPb



CMS Preliminary pPb  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=5.02$  TeV

*Phys. Lett. B* 748 (2014)

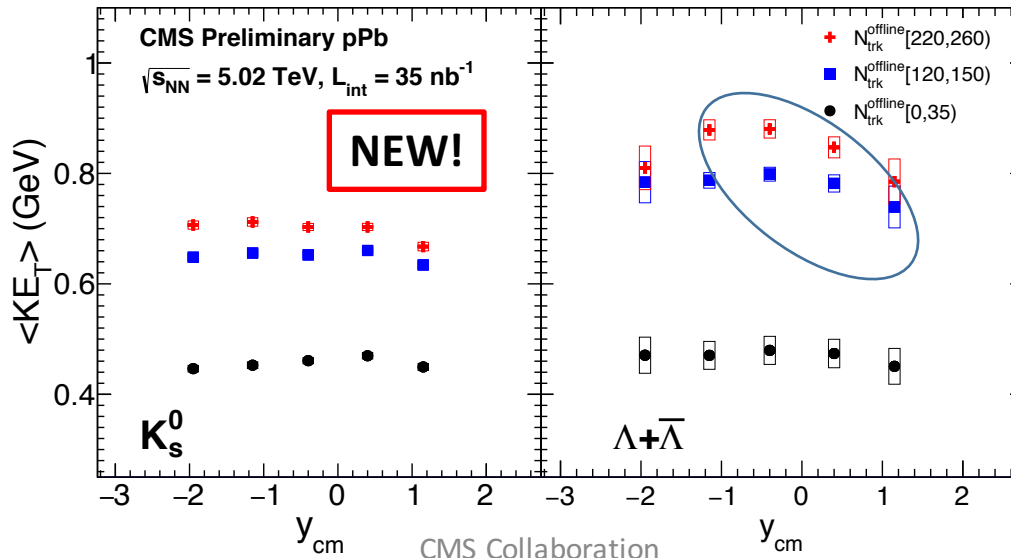


CGC

Hydro

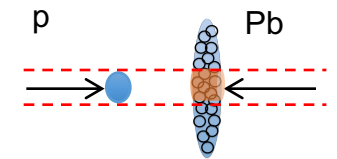
HIN-15-006

Particle density matters?

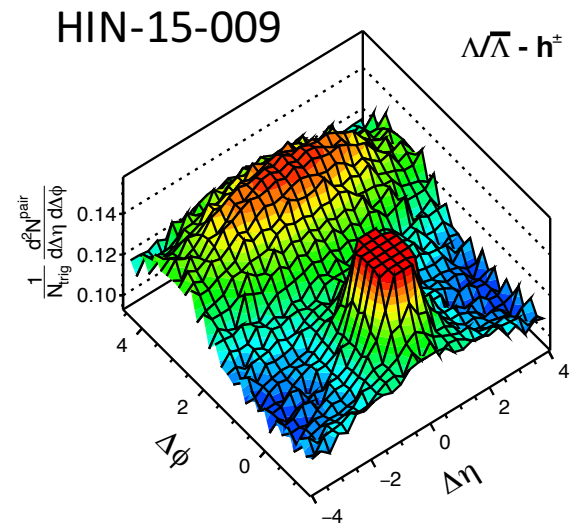
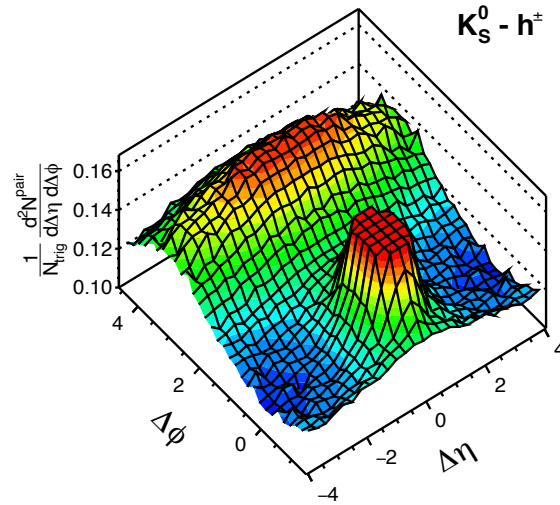
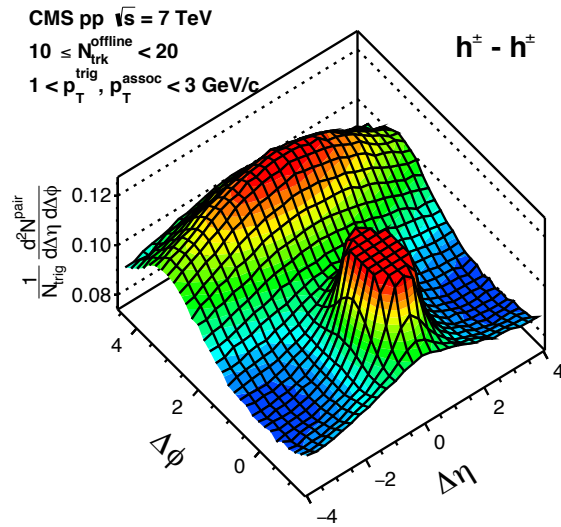


CMS Collaboration

Stronger “radial flow” in Pb-going side?

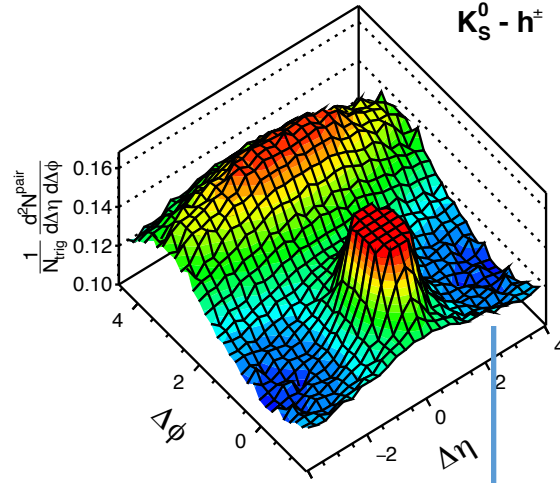
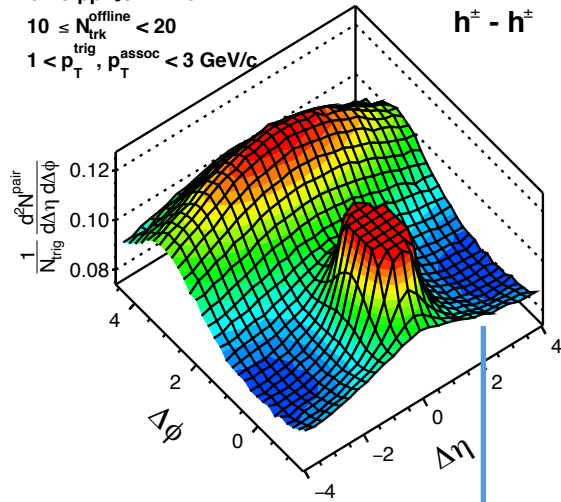


# v2, and v3 in pp

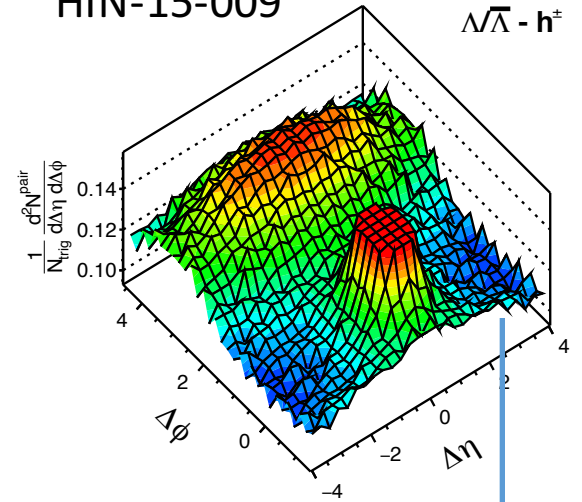


# v2, and v3 in pp

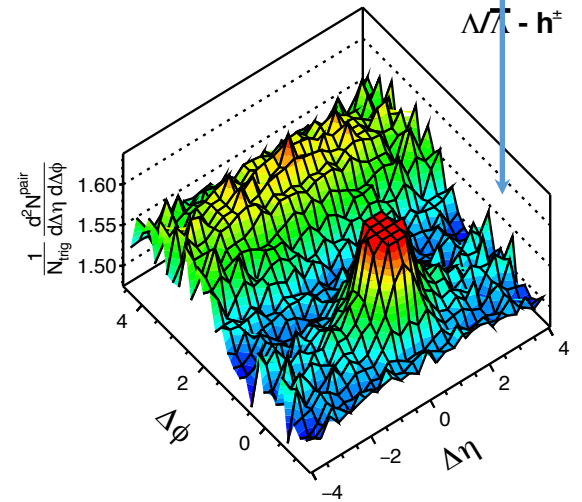
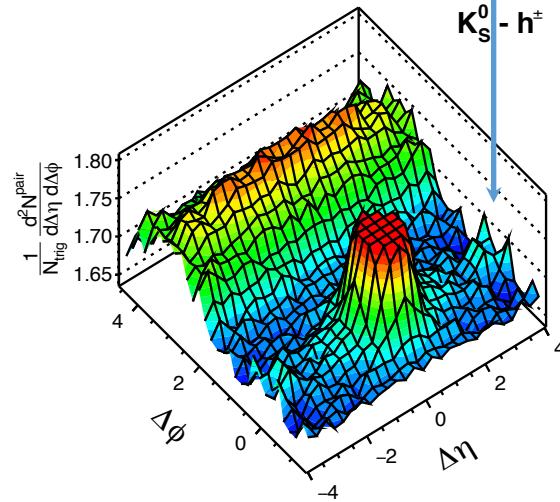
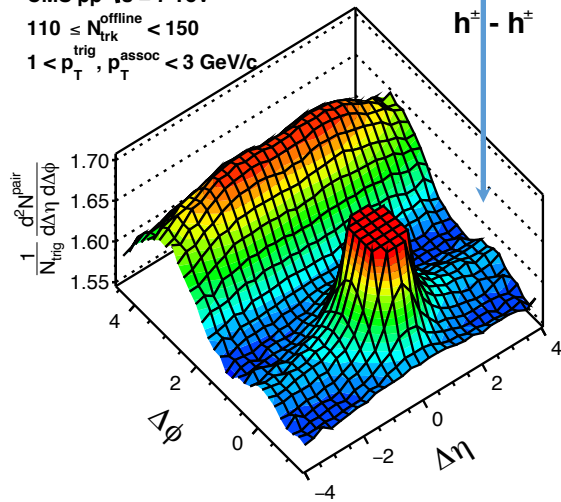
CMS pp  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV  
 $10 \leq N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{offline}} < 20$   
 $1 < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{trig}}, p_{\text{T}}^{\text{assoc}} < 3$  GeV/c



HIN-15-009

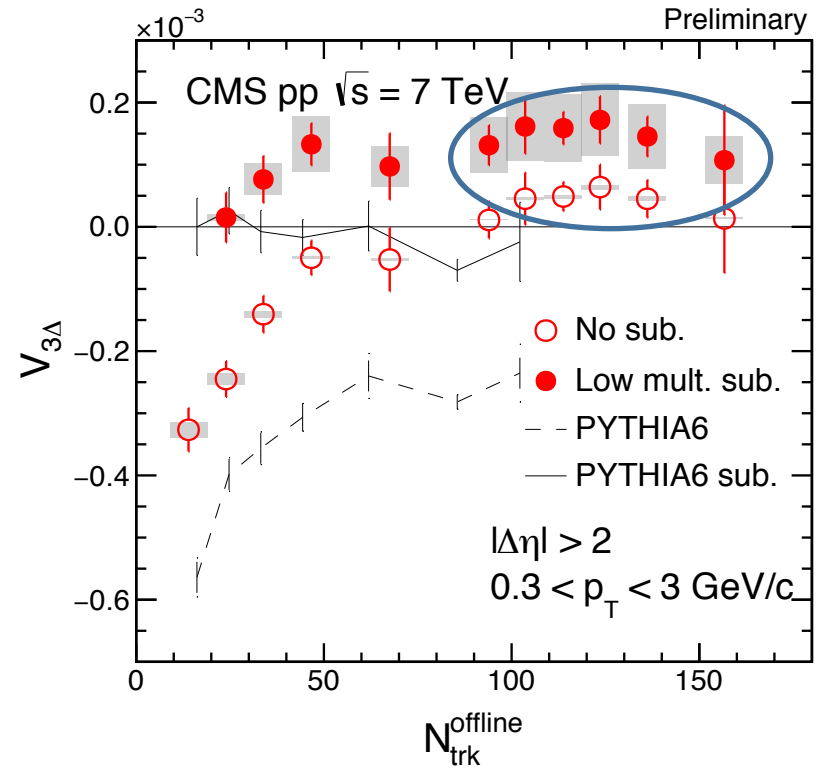
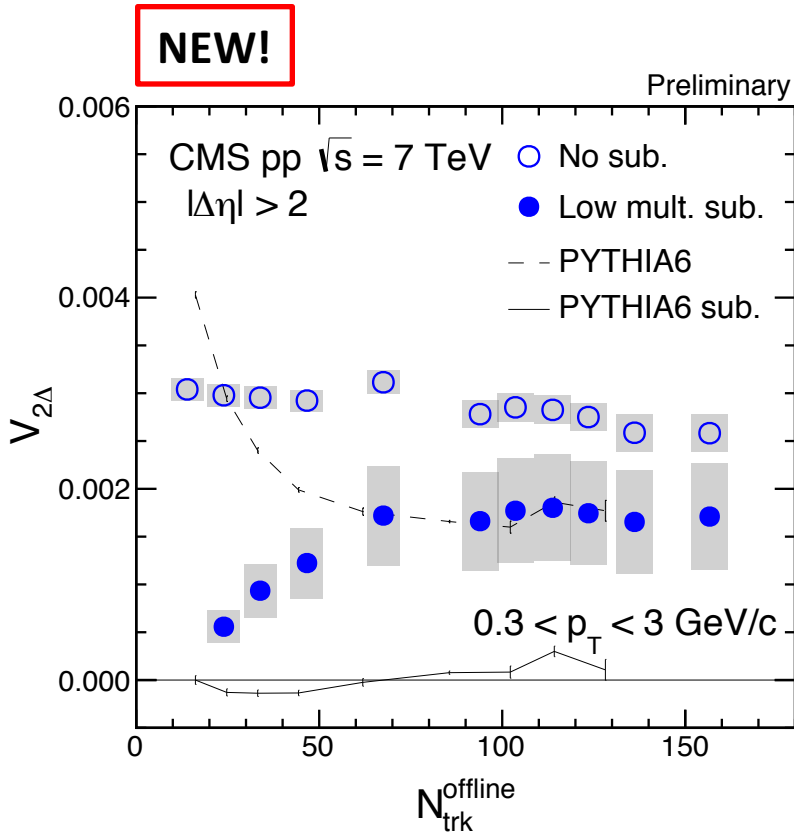


CMS pp  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV  
 $110 \leq N_{\text{trk}}^{\text{offline}} < 150$   
 $1 < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{trig}}, p_{\text{T}}^{\text{assoc}} < 3$  GeV/c



# v2, and v3 in pp

HIN-15-009



- 1) Jet correlation correction has been applied, and works well in MC
- 2) Positive  $v_{3\Delta}$  has been observed!

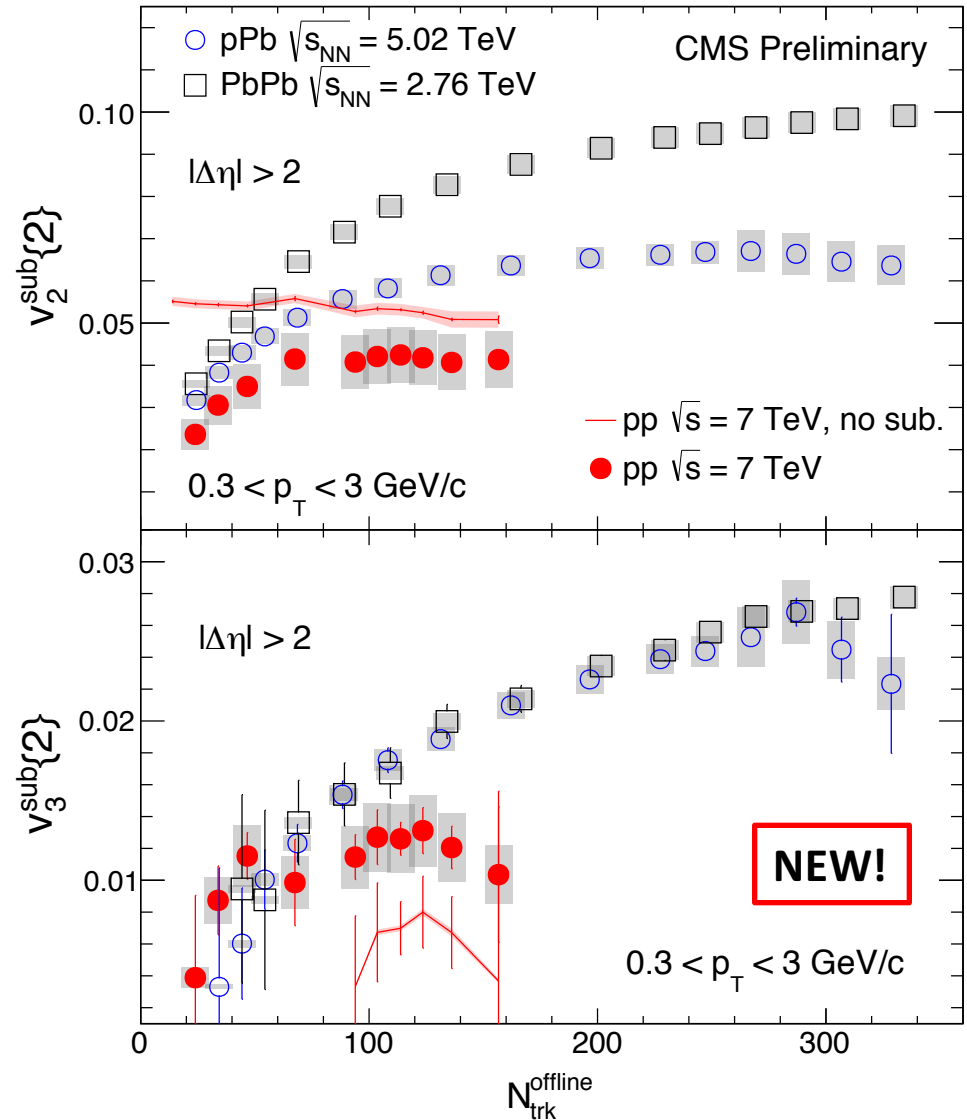


# v2, and v3 in pp

HIN-15-009

Exciting results from QM15

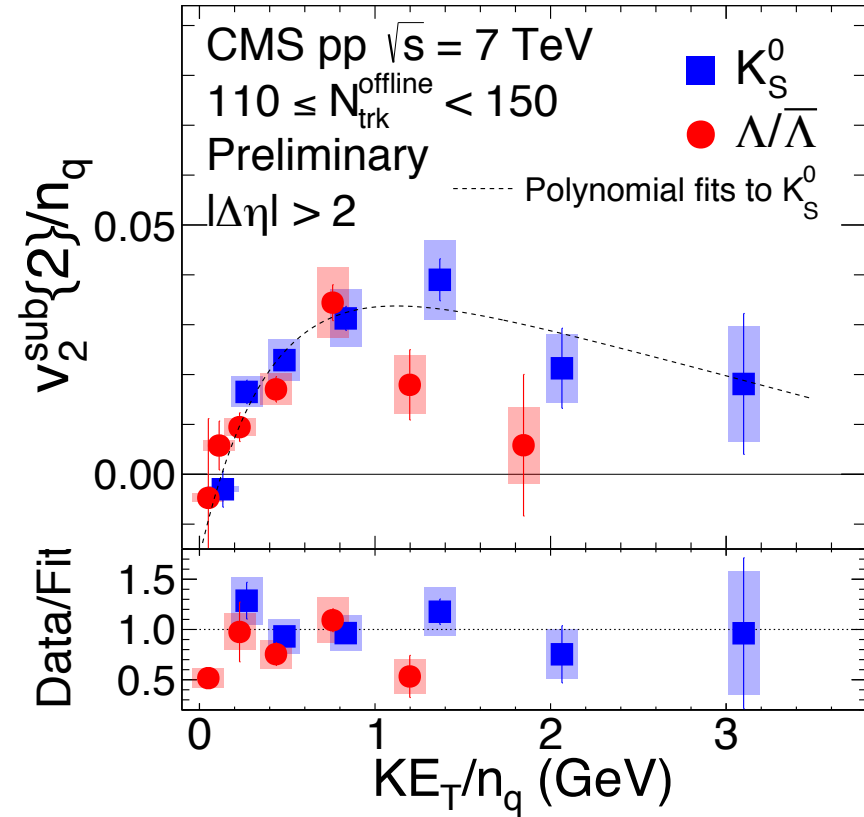
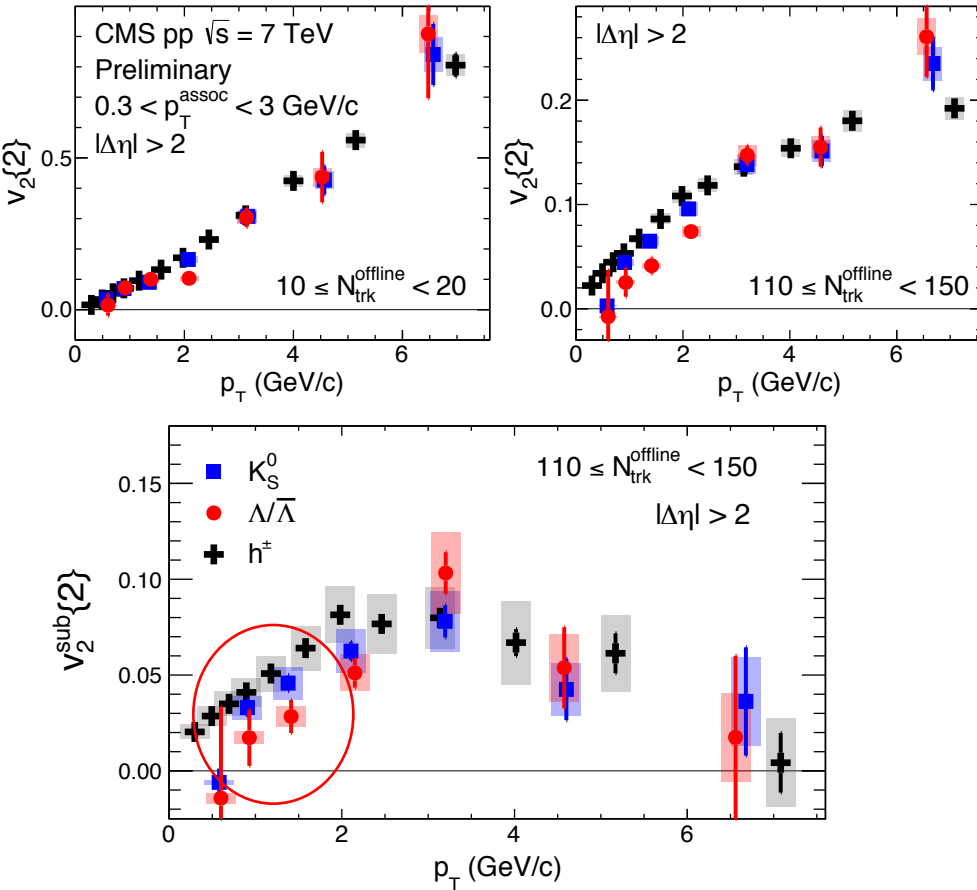
- v2 and v3 increase with multiplicity in all systems
- v3 at high multiplicities seem to deviate from pPb and PbPb values
- Provide crucial constraints on proton shape (substructure)



# PID v2, and v3 in pp

**NEW!**

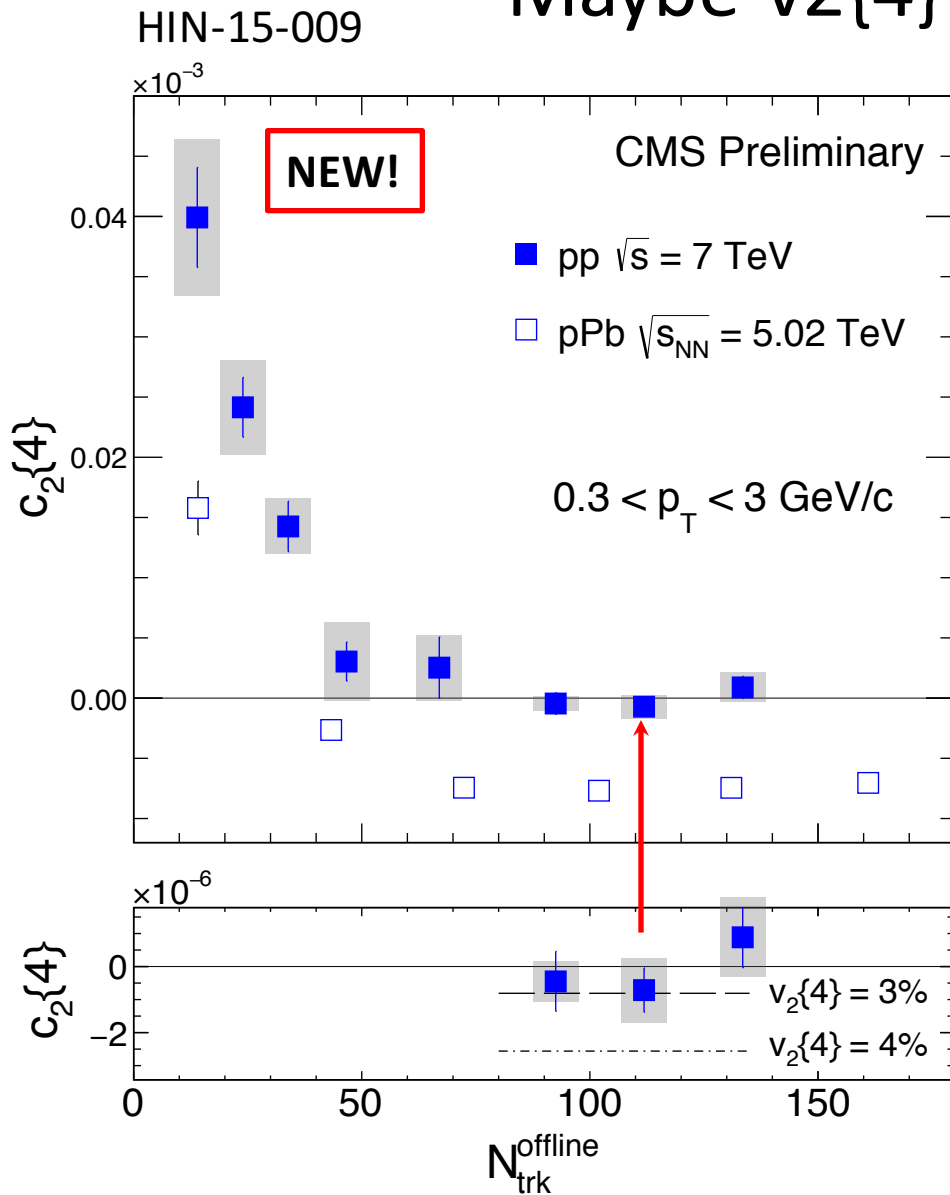
HIN-15-009



Mass ordering effect has been observed again!

NCQ still holds?

# Maybe $v_2\{4\}$ in pp?



Not conclusive,  
but interesting outlook!

Is hydrodynamics true universally?

# Is hydrodynamics true universally?

.....

Radial  
flow

“ridge”

$v_2\{4\}, v_2\{6\}, v_2\{8\},$   
 $v_2\{LYZ\}$

PID  
 $v_2, v_3$

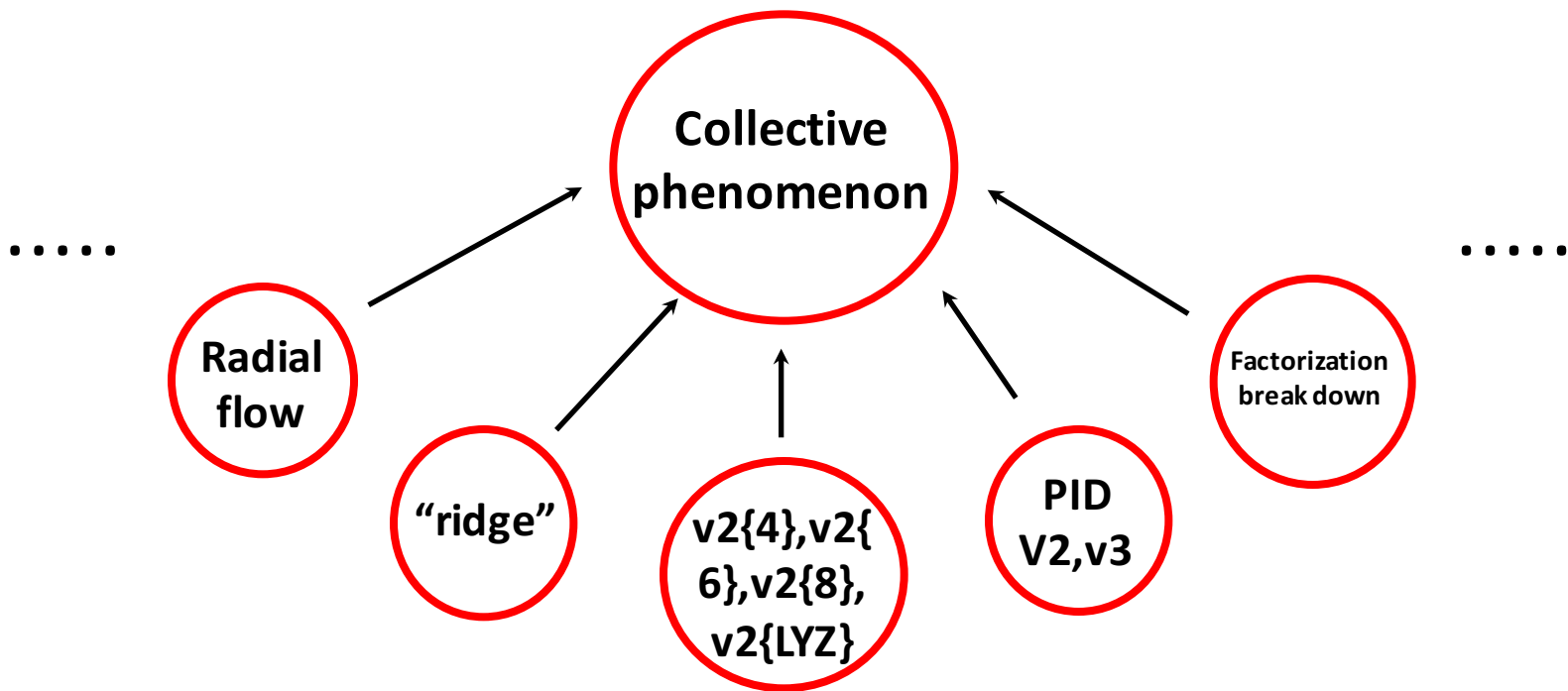
Factorization  
break down

.....

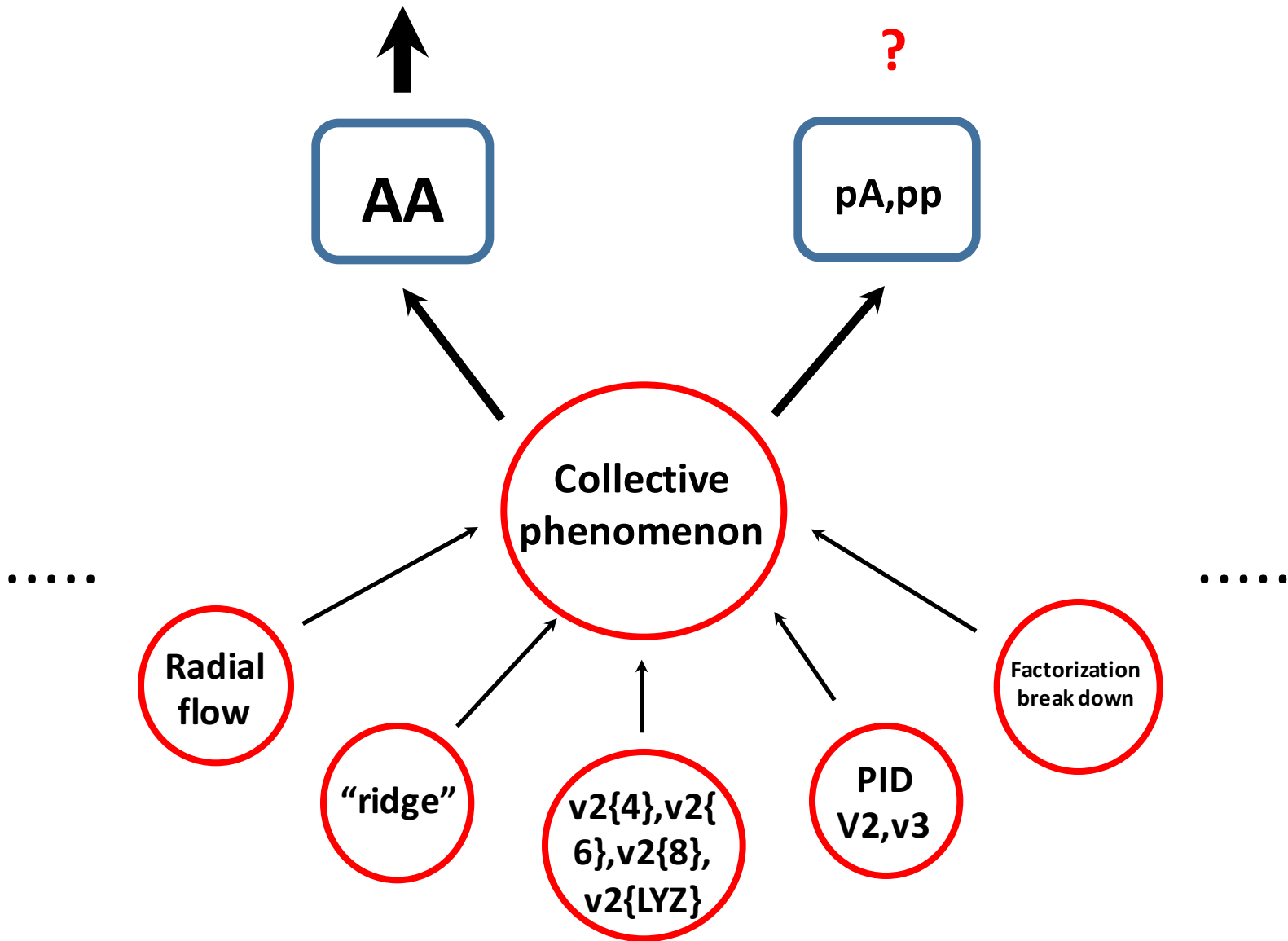
# Is hydrodynamics true universally?

AA

pA,pp



# Is hydrodynamics true universally?



# Is hydrodynamics true universally?

